1

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## The 2025–2029 Strategic Highway Safety Plan

East Central Minnesota Toward Zero Deaths Regional Workshop

May 2, 2024 mndot.gov



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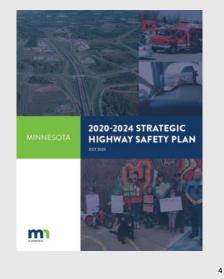
### What is the Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP)?

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#### What is the SHSP?

#### The Minnesota Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP)

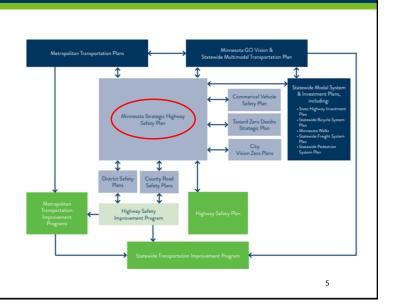
- Sets statewide direction to reduce traffic fatalities and serious injuries for all roadway users
- Recognizes that a single crash can have multiple contributing factors
- Promotes partnerships to positively impact safety
- Is informed by data and input from traffic safety professionals and advocates from many disciplines
- Is required by federal law and updated every 5 years



#### What is the SHSP?

#### The Minnesota **Strategic Highway Safety Plan** (SHSP)

- Federally required but not just a checkbox for Minnesota
- Sets spending priorities for HSIP and HSP
- Relevant for all traffic safety partners: *state, county, local, tribal*
- Helps feed traffic safety elements of other plans

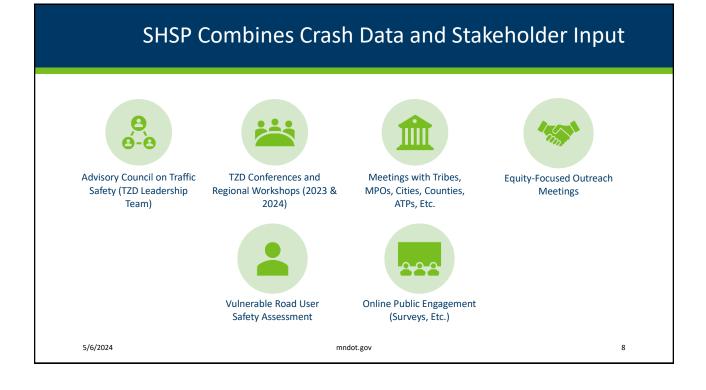


#### What is the SHSP?

#### ACTION ORIENTED STRATEGIES: CORE FOCUS AREAS What's inside the current SHSP? Crash Data and Trends Engagement Results ON-GOING ON-GOING • Focus Areas YEARS 1-STRATEGY 2 • Priorities YEARS 1-2 ordels of privately.so nsored public transit safe ride program Action-Oriented Strategies to YEARS 1-2 alate for community-based Place of Last Drink data col **Reduce Crashes** YEARS 1-2 2.6 Identify and pilot test best practice models of effective, cost YEARS 3-5

#### What is the SHSP?





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## Elevating Equity in the 2025-2029 SHSP

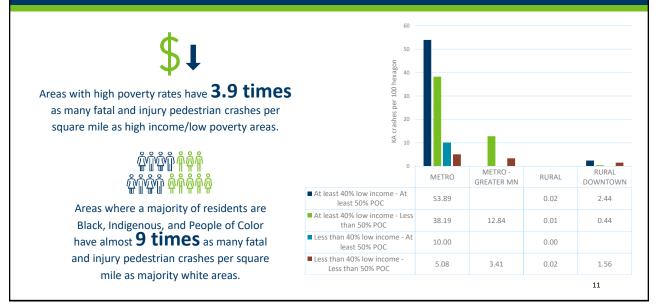
#### **MnDOT's Equity Commitment**

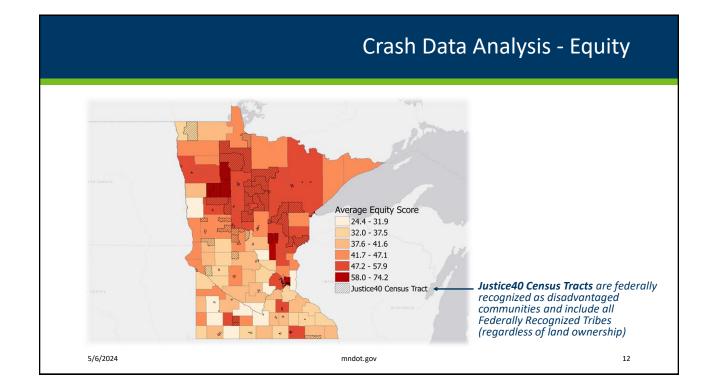
*MnDOT is committed to creating an equitable transportation system.* 

Transportation equity means the benefits and burdens of transportation systems, services and spending are fair and just, which historically has not been the case. Transportation equity requires ensuring underserved communities, especially Black, Indigenous and People of Color, share in the power of decision making.

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#### Crashes by Demographic Inputs: BIPOC Communities + Low Income





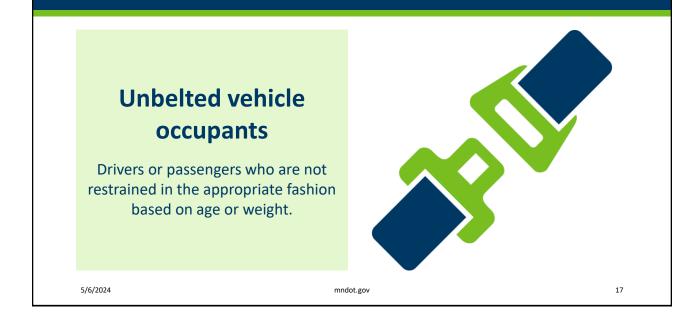


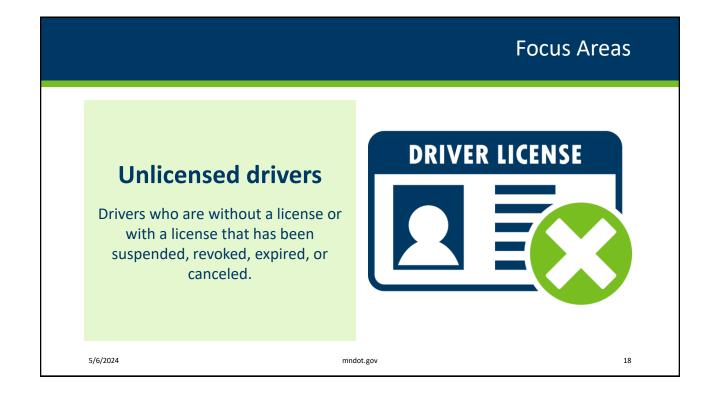


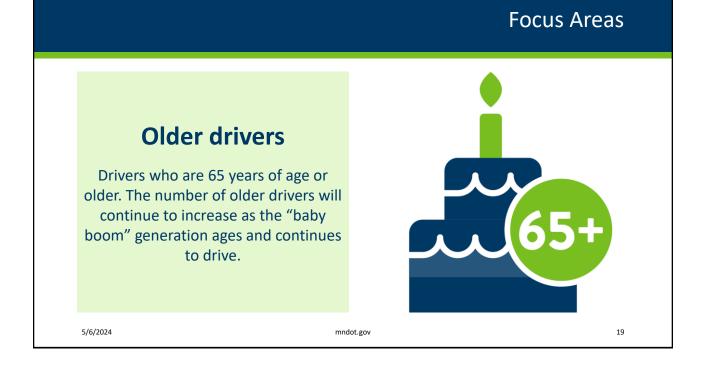




#### **Focus Areas**







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### **Younger drivers**

Drivers who are under 21 years of age. Newly licensed drivers with less than a year's experience are particularly vulnerable to crashes. A lack of driving experience and a tendency toward risk taking also contribute to crashes involving younger drivers.





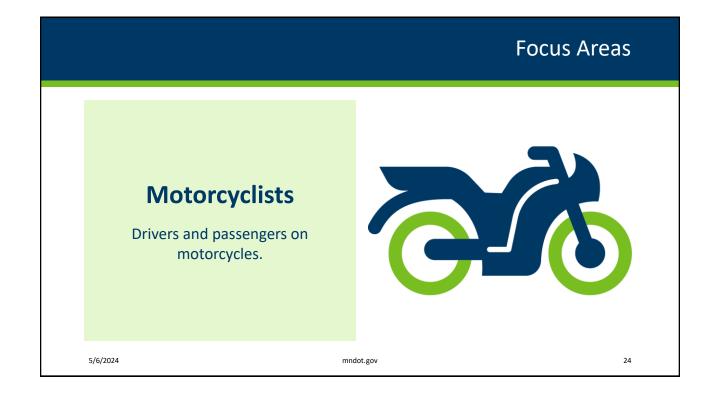


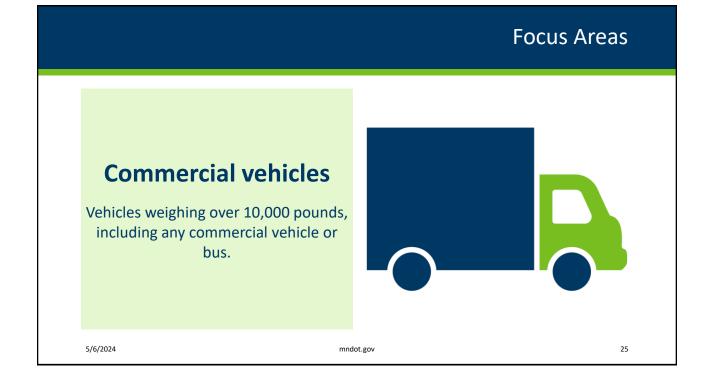
#### **Pedestrians**

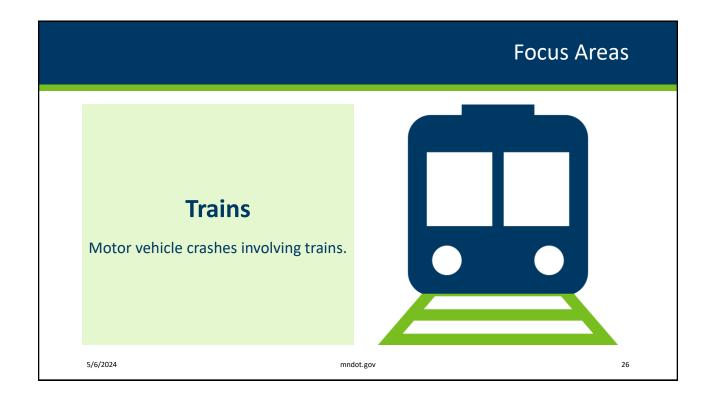
All persons walking, exiting from vehicles or operating a mobility assistance device (e.g., wheel chair) on public roadways who are struck by a motor vehicle.

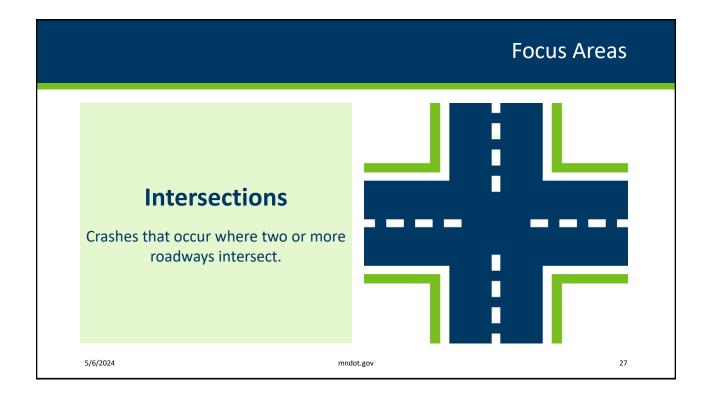


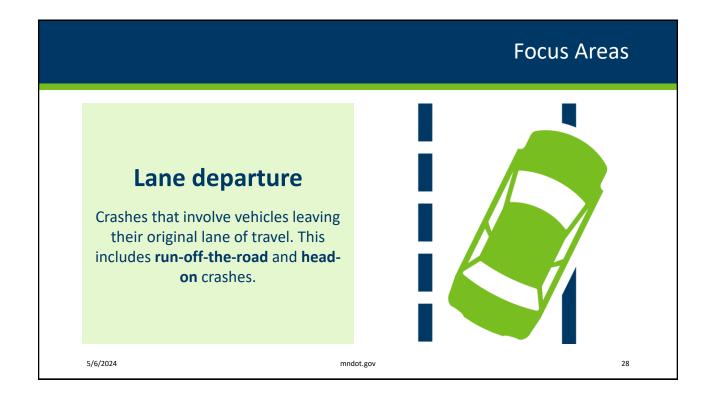


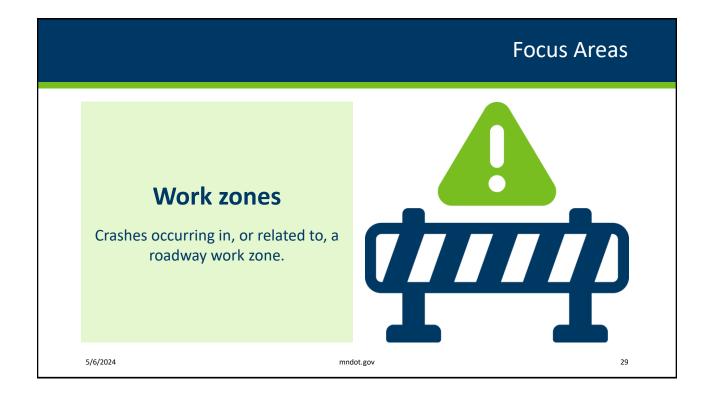


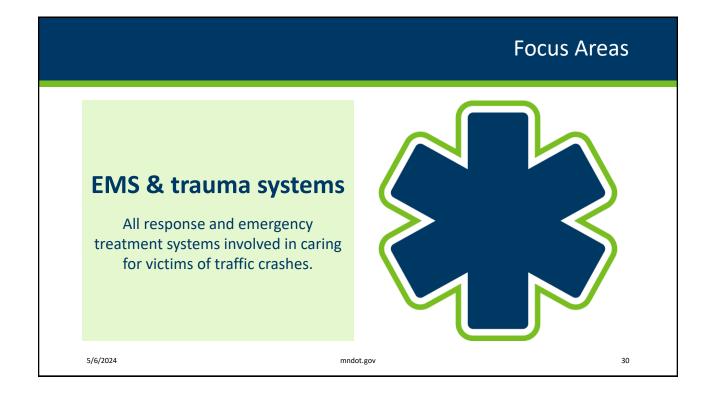










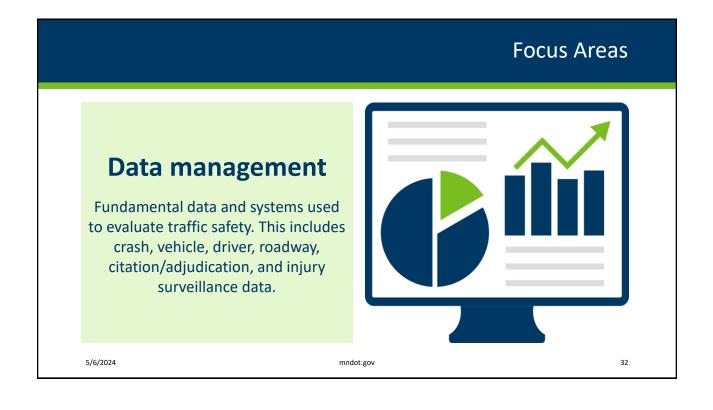


#### **Focus Areas**

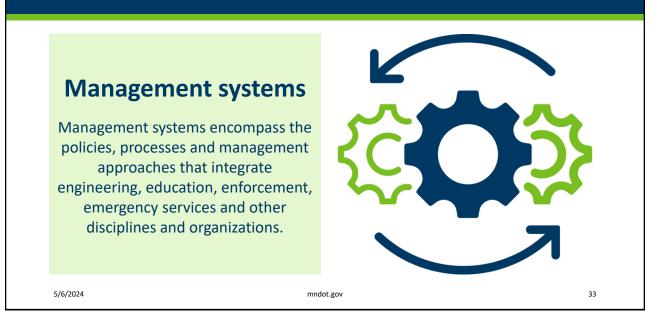
# Vehicle safety enhancements

Vehicles features that can be added or optimized to provide increased safety for vehicle occupants. These may include airbags, stability control or lane departure alert as well as emerging connected and automated vehicle technology.





#### **Focus Areas**



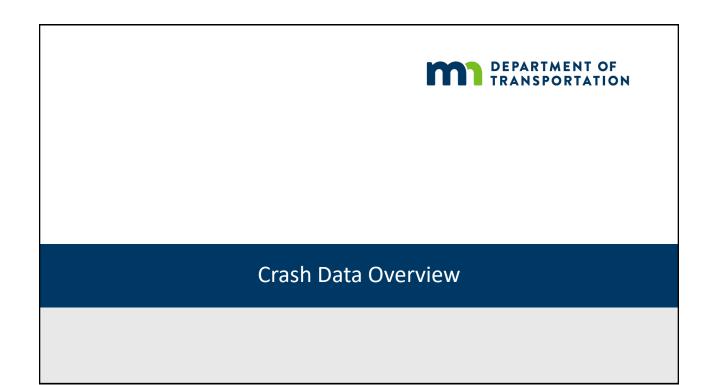
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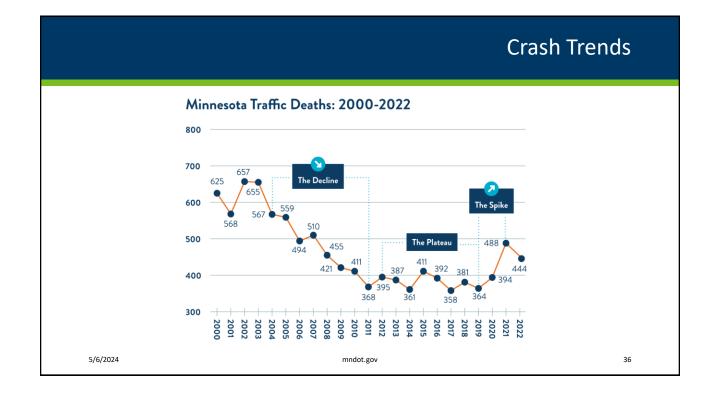
# **Traffic safety culture**

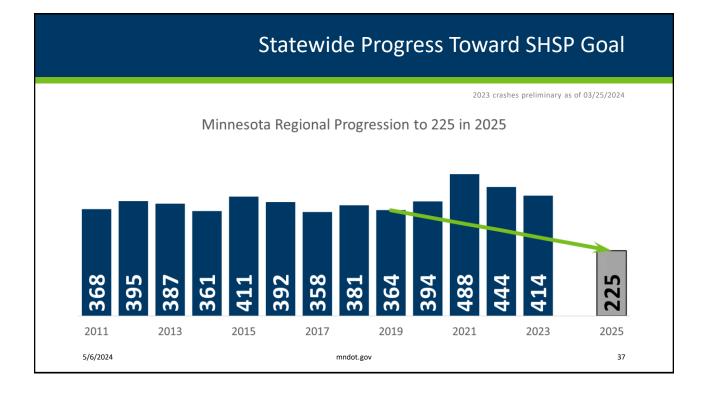
This is an overarching focus area, fostering a culture of traffic safety in Minnesota supports all focus areas.

Traffic safety culture is the shared belief system of a group of people that influences their choice of behavior and actions that affect traffic safety.

**Focus Areas** 



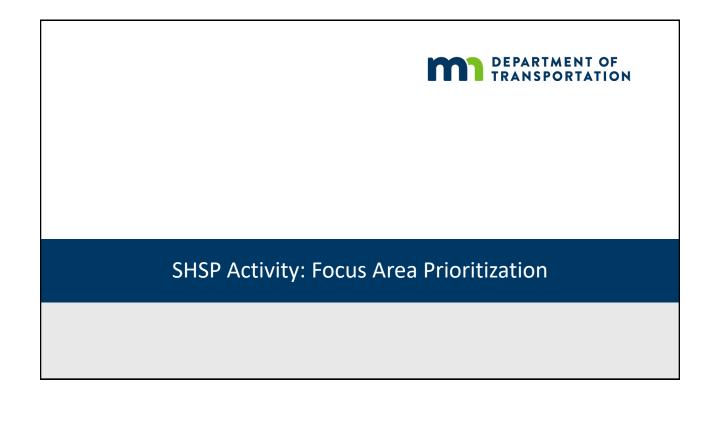


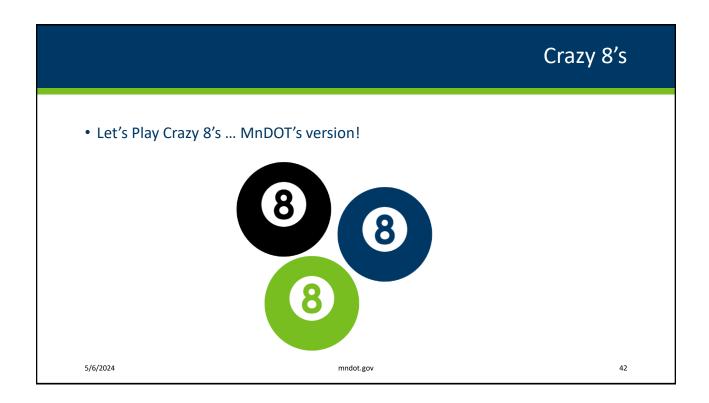


1	Intersections	47%	6	Motorcyclists	17%	12	Head-On	11%
2	Single Vehicle Run off	31%	7	Unbelted Occupants	16%	13	Commercial Vehicles	9%
2	the Road	51%		Younger Drivers	16%			
3	Impairment	25%	9	Unlicensed Drivers	14%	14	Bicyclists	4%
4	Speed	20%	10	Inattention	13%	15	Work Zones	2%
5	Older Drivers	18%	11	Pedestrians	12%	16	Trains	0.4%

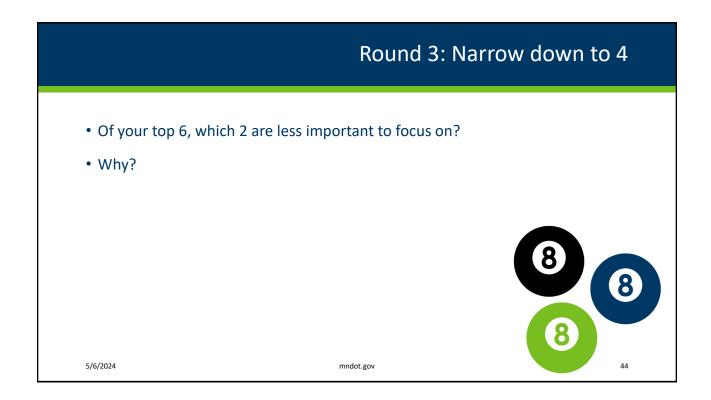
## Statewide Crash Data – Trends

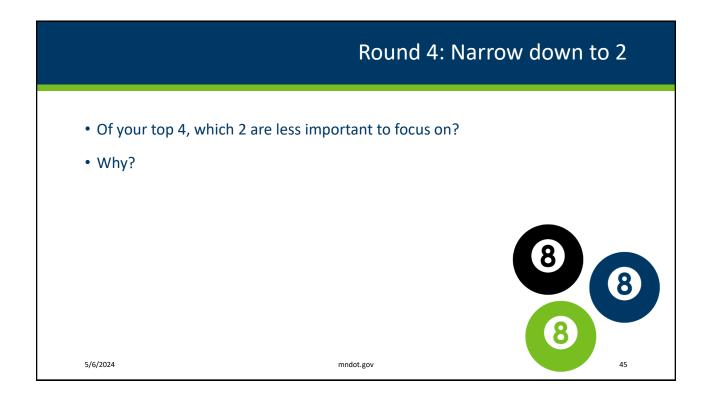
1	Intersections	49%	6	Older Drivers	18%	11	Head-On	11%
2	Single Vehicle Run off the Road	32%	7	Motorcycles	17%	12	Commercial Vehicles	9%
3	Impairment	28%	8	Younger Drivers	16%	13	Inattention	8%
4	Speed	23%	9	Unbelted Occupants	15%	14	Bicyclists	4%
5	Unlicensed Drivers	20%	10	Pedestrians	<b>12%</b>	15	Work Zones	2%
						16	Trains	0.2%





<ul> <li>Of your top 8, which 2 are less important to focus on?</li> <li>Why?</li> </ul>	Round 2: Narrow down to 6
	 h 2 are less important to focus on?
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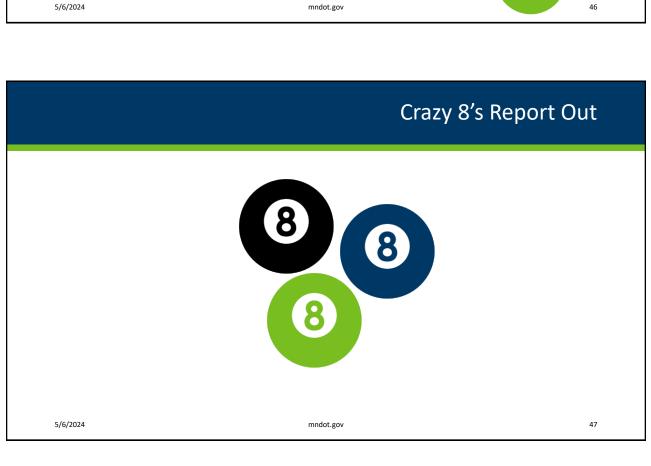
#### Round 5: Narrow down to 1

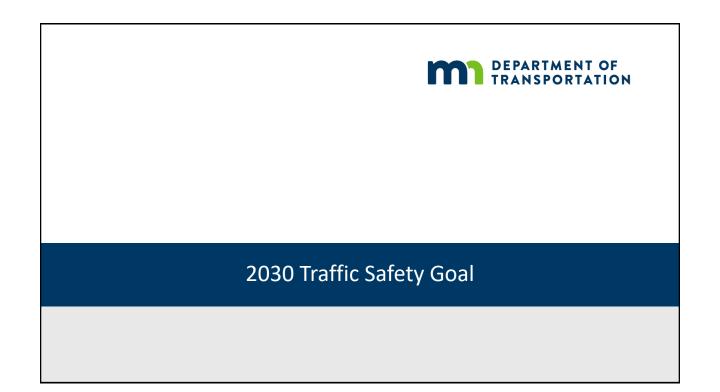
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- Of your top 2, which 1 is the most important?
- Why?







### What should the 2030 goal be for Statewide fatalities?

