



Integrating Conflict Modeling into Microsimulation

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MN Toward Zero Deaths Conference
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Predicting Future Safety for Projects

Expanding
Conflict Point
Analysis

Surrogate
Safety
Assessment
Model Approach

Project
Examples



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Crash Analysis Techniques

- Critical Crash Rate
- Crash Modification Factors (CMFs)
- Predicted Crashes / Safety Performance Functions
- FHWA ISAT Tool
- AASHTO Safety Analyst
- Engineering Judgement

System Average, 2015 Section Toolkit - Green Sheet

Three Years of Crash Data	Non-Junction Crashes (NJ)				All Crashes (ALL)			
	CR_NJ	SR_NJ	FR_NJ	FAR_NJ	CR_ALL	SR_ALL	FR_ALL	FAR_ALL
Rural 2-lane : ADT ≤ [0, 1499]	0.40	0.71	1.05	2.70	0.60	1.03	1.65	3.72
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [1500, 4999]	0.31	0.51	0.78	1.55	0.53	0.87	1.14	2.43
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [5000, 7999]	0.31	0.49	0.66	1.49	0.61	0.97	1.26	2.63
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [8000, ∞)	0.37	0.56	0.65	1.19	0.77	1.16	1.00	2.13
Rural Freeway	0.49	0.65	0.24	0.69	0.60	0.81	0.28	0.78
Rural Expressway	0.36	0.52	0.25	0.75	0.69	1.02	0.59	1.61

Crash Values (2015)	Per crash
Fatal (Type K)	\$10,700,000
Injury Type A	\$570,000
Injury Type B	\$170,000
Injury Type C	\$84,000
Property damage only	\$7,600

Five Years of Crash Data	Non-Junction Crashes (NJ)				All Crashes (ALL)			
	CR_NJ	SR_NJ	FR_NJ	FAR_NJ	CR_ALL	SR_ALL	FR_ALL	FAR_ALL
Rural 2-lane : ADT ≤ [0, 1499]	0.40	0.72	1.00	2.76	0.61	1.07	1.50	3.97
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [1500, 4999]	0.31	0.51	0.75	1.61	0.53	0.87	1.14	2.53
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [5000, 7999]	0.30	0.48	0.58	1.37	0.60	0.96	0.98	2.42
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [8000, ∞)	0.35	0.53	0.60	1.13	0.76	1.15	0.87	1.97
Rural Freeway	0.45	0.61	0.21	0.65	0.56	0.76	0.23	0.75
Rural Expressway	0.34	0.50	0.24	0.70	0.66	0.98	0.56	1.60
Rural 4-lane Divided	0.29	0.44	0.20	0.61	0.87	1.28	0.51	1.78

Ten Years of Crash Data	Non-Junction Crashes (NJ)				All Crashes (ALL)			
	CR_NJ	SR_NJ	FR_NJ	FAR_NJ	CR_ALL	SR_ALL	FR_ALL	FAR_ALL
Rural 2-lane : ADT ≤ [0, 1499]	0.41	0.74	1.04	2.65	0.66	1.15	1.60	4.03
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [1500, 4999]	0.32	0.53	0.72	1.61	0.57	0.93	1.06	2.61
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [5000, 7999]	0.31	0.50	0.58	1.45	0.62	1.01	1.07	2.62
Rural 2-lane : ADT ∈ [8000, ∞)	0.34	0.52	0.52	1.03	0.75	1.14	0.82	1.98
Rural Freeway	0.42	0.59	0.26	0.72	0.55	0.77	0.31	0.86
Rural Expressway	0.34	0.50	0.28	0.76	0.68	1.02	0.63	1.79
Rural 4-lane Divided	0.28	0.42	0.23	0.76	0.87	1.32	0.61	2.10

CR = Crash Rate
 SR = Severity Rate (Type A-K crashes)
 FR = Fatality Rate (Type K crashes)
 FAR = Fatal (K) and incapacitating injury (A) crash rate / Severe Crash Rate



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SPF Functions and Screening

- 1) Network Screening
 - Compare observed crash rate versus similar segments or intersections
- 2) Countermeasure Comparison
 - Use a CMF to estimate reduction in crashes
- 3) Project Evaluation
 - Conduct a before/after study to validate or update CMF Factors.

2018 through 2022 Crashes	Junction and Non-Junction Crashes			
	F+A Crashes	Total Crashes	F+A Average Crash Density	Average Crash Density
Rural 2-Lane AADT 1-1499	237	2,846	0.01	0.16
Rural 2-Lane AADT 1500-4999	471	8,166	2.60	0.45
Rural 2-Lane AADT 5000-7999	161	3,043	2.64	0.50
Rural 2-Lane AADT 8000+	77	1,778	2.43	0.56
Rural 4-Lane Undivided	5	213	1.18	0.50
Rural 4-Lane Divided	13	631	1.76	0.86
Rural Expressway	205	7,582	1.33	0.49
Rural Freeway	151	11,005	0.72	0.53
Urban 2-Lane AADT 1-1499	21	258	6.77	0.83
Urban 2-Lane AADT 1500-4999	76	2,409	2.74	0.87
Urban 2-Lane AADT 5000-7999	67	2,695	2.74	1.10
Urban 2-Lane AADT 8000+	114	6,142	2.27	1.22
Urban 4-Lane Undivided	74	4,043	3.76	2.05
Urban 4-Lane Divided	209	12,117	3.23	1.87
Urban Expressway	255	13,530	1.85	0.98
Urban Freeway	415	58,189	0.66	0.93



CMF Data Overload

Countermeasure: Conversion of intersection into single-lane roundabout

Compare	CMF	CRF(%)	Quality	Crash Type	Crash Severity	Area Type	Reference	Comments
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.41	59	★★★★★	All	All	Rural	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.52	48	★★★★★	All	All	All	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.75	25	★★★★★	All	All	All	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.53	47	★★★★★	All	All	Rural	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.85	15	★★★★★	All	All	Urban	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	1.34	-34	★★★★★	All	All	Urban	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.78	22	★★★★★	All	All	Rural	JENSEN, S. U., 2017	This CMF is for all crashes at... [READ MORE]

➤ Single Lane Roundabout

$$0.41 < x < 1.34$$

Countermeasure: Install J-Turn intersection

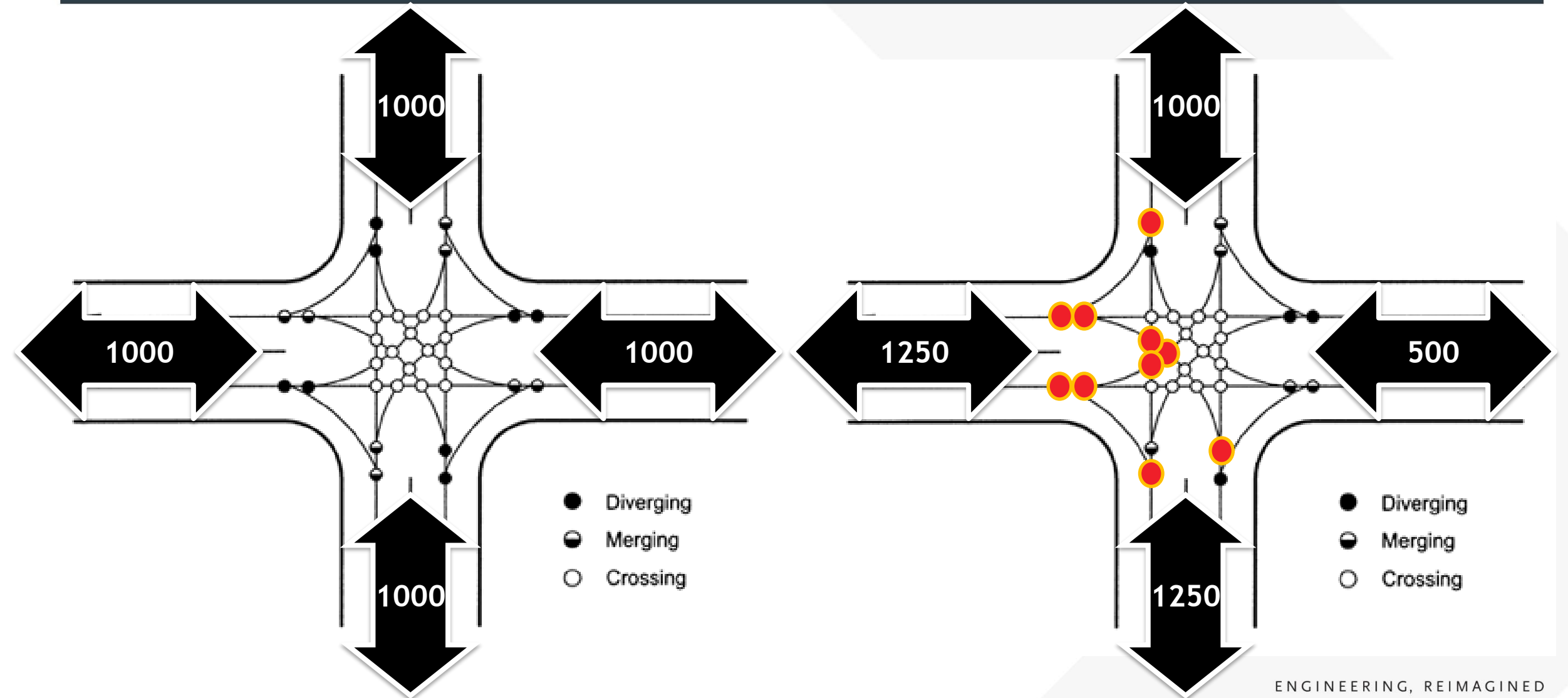
Compare	CMF	CRF(%)	Quality	Crash Type	Crash Severity	Area Type	Reference	Comments
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.877	12.3	★★★☆☆	All	All		Leuer and Fleming, 2016	The study used crashes within ... [read more]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.56	44	★★★★☆	All	All	Rural	Inman and Haas, 2012	Although the empirical Bayes method ... [read more]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.54	46	★★★★☆	All	All	Rural	Hummer et al., 2010	This CMF was obtained from ... [read more]
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.652	34.8	★★★★☆	All	All	Rural	Edara et al., 2013	
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.39	60.57	★★★☆☆	All	All	Not specified	Hochstein et al., 2009	

➤ J-turns/RCI Intersection

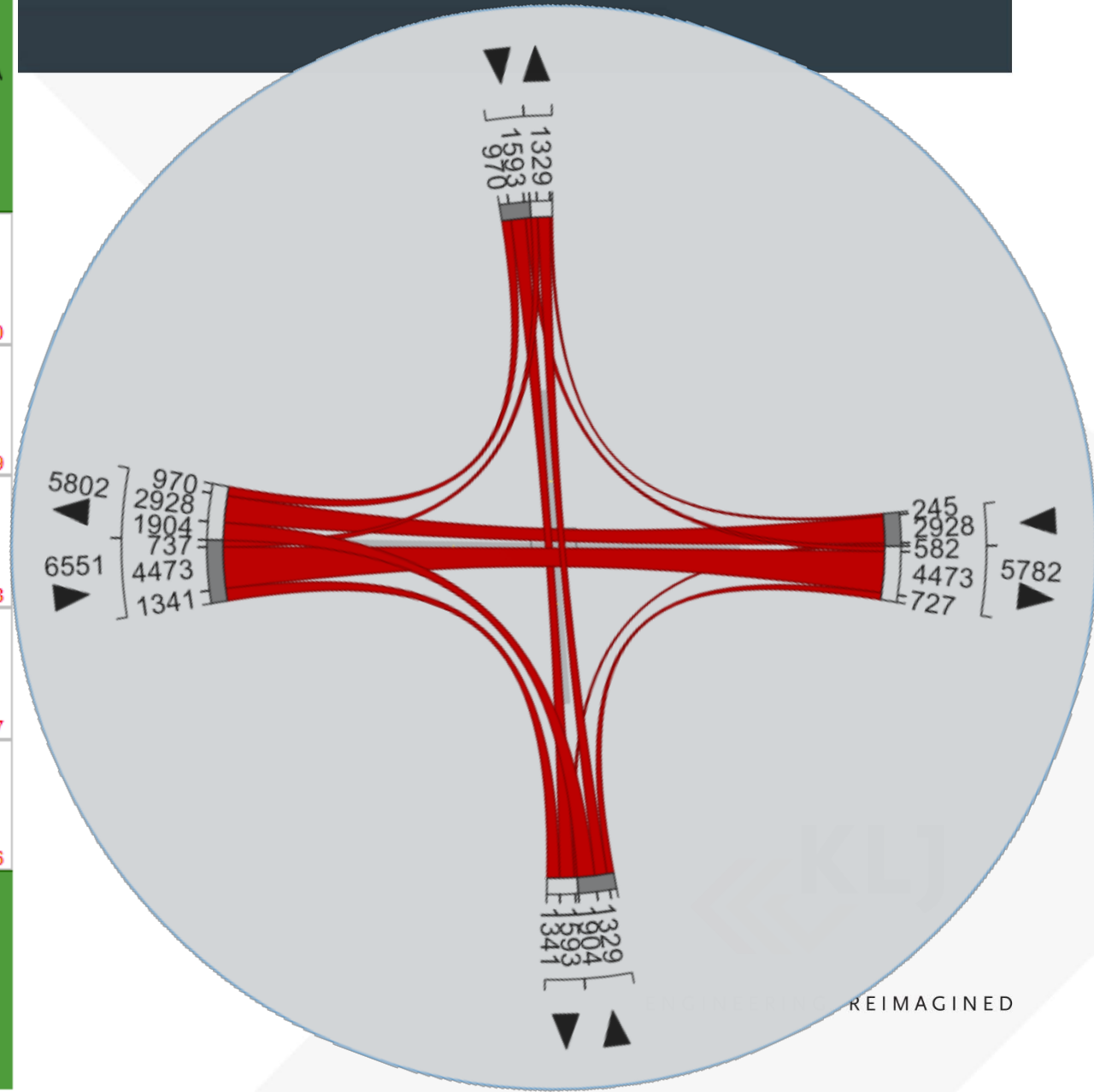
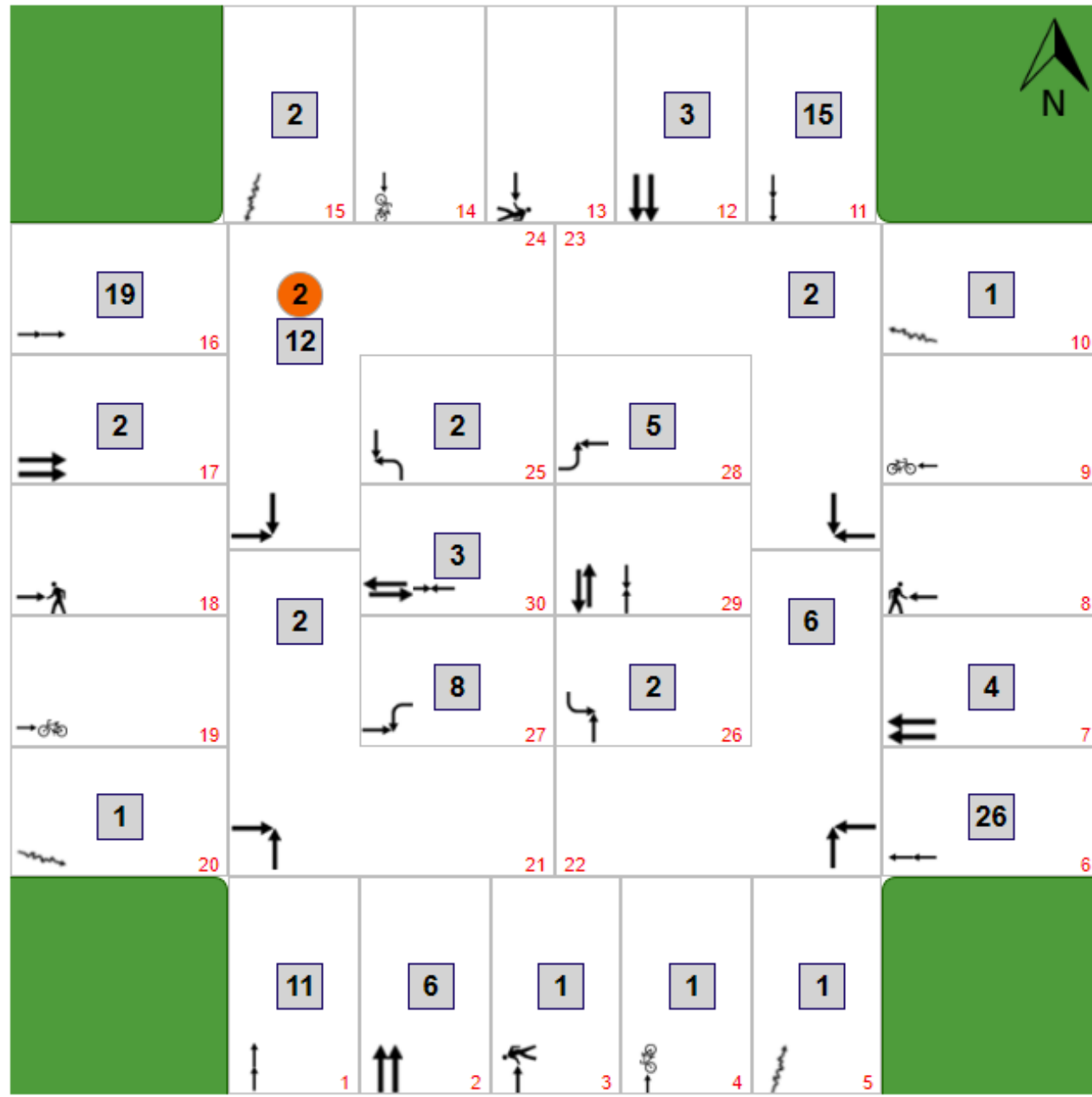
$$0.39 < x < 0.87$$



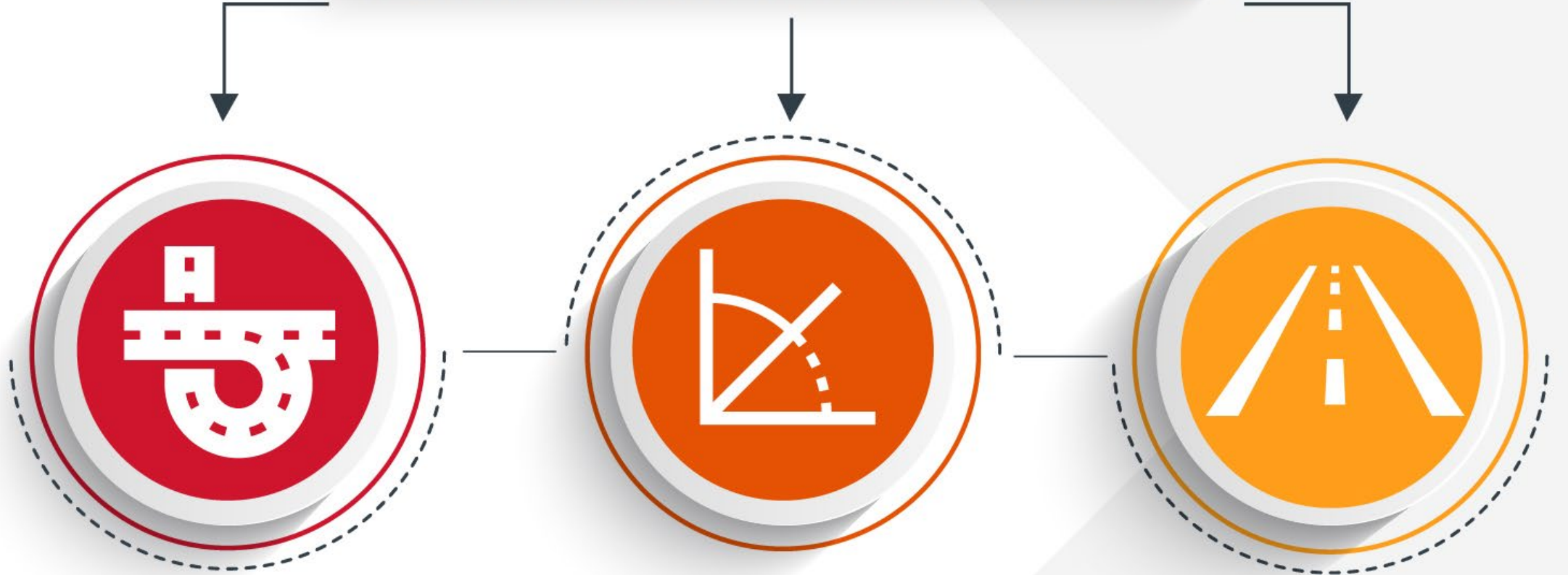
Conflict Points Are Not Created Equally



US 14 and CSAH 36 – Rochester, MN



SSAM MODELING APPROACH

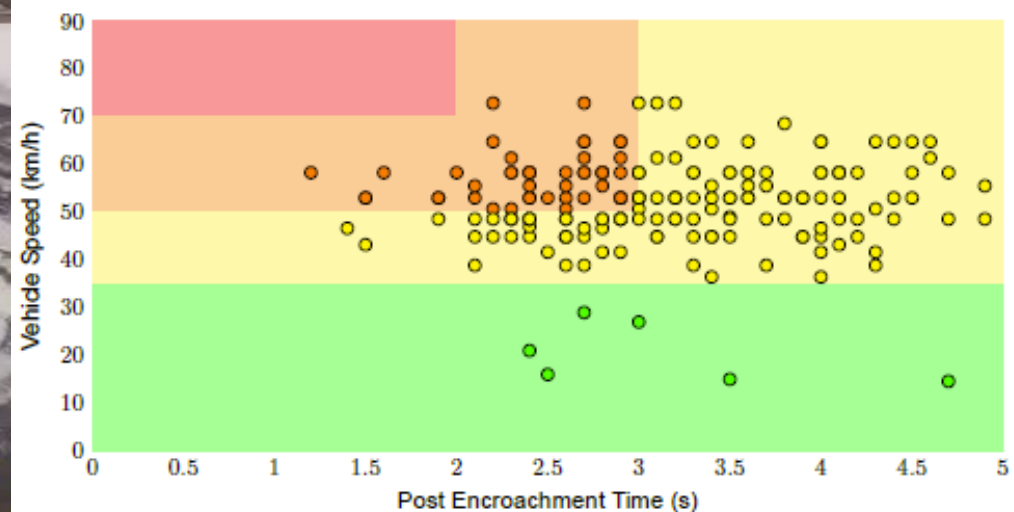




MicroTraffic Surrogate Safety

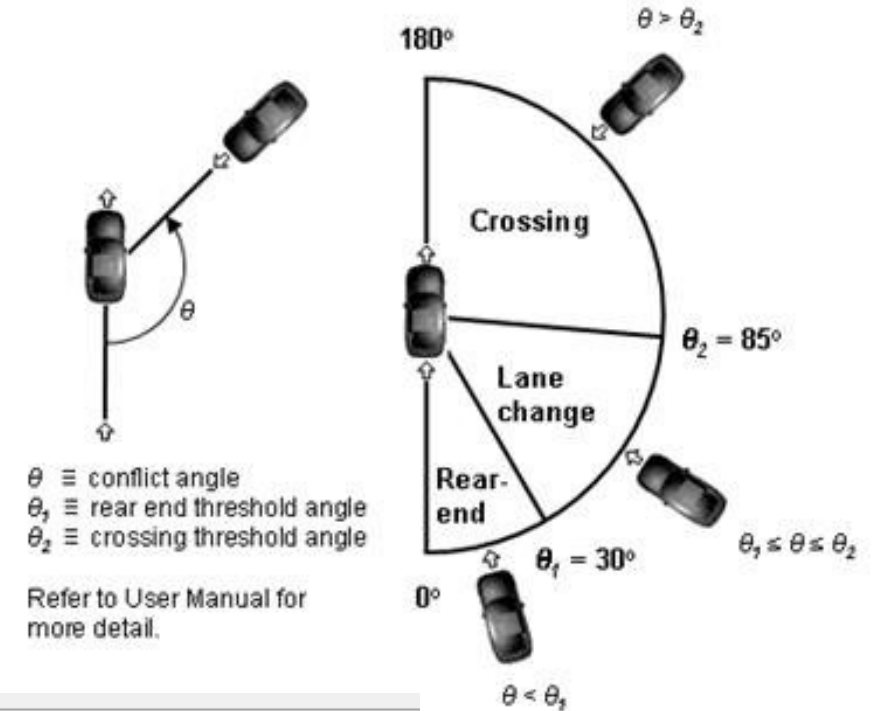


- Quantify Existing Near Miss Data
- Artificial Intelligence Identifies Vehicle Trajectories



SSAM Conflict Basics

- Conflict Type
 - Crossing
 - Lane Change
 - Rear End
- Severity
 - Time to Collision (TTC)
- Vehicle Type
 - Ped/Bike/Transit Analysis



Conflict Thresholds

Maximum time-to-collision (TTC):

Maximum post-encroachment time (PET):

Conflict angle thresholds: [Click here for Conflict Angle Diagram](#)

Rear end angle:

Crossing angle:



SSAM Basic Model Validation

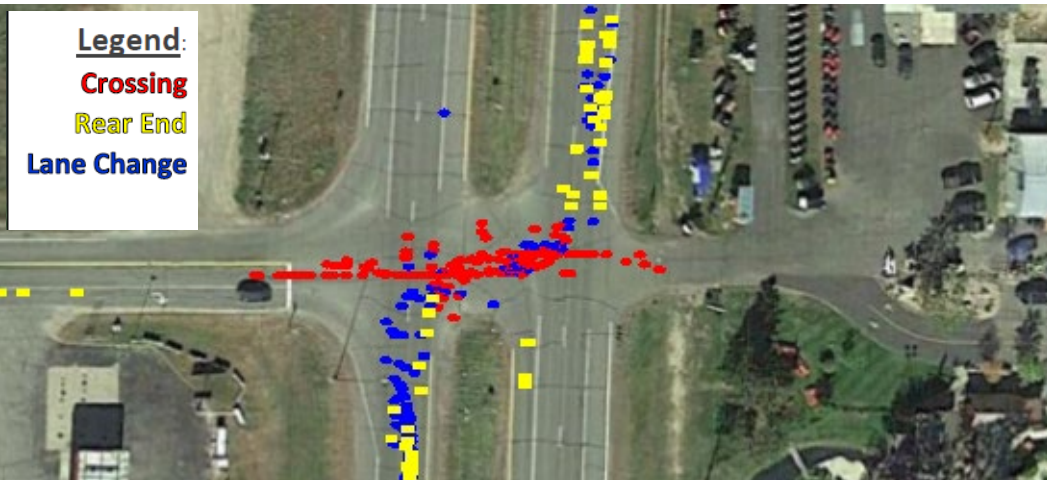
- Study Compared SSAM to 11 Intersection and Interchange Designs
- Conflict to Crash Ratio of 20,000:1
- Similar Correlation with Existing Crash Data when PET is calibrated

$$\frac{\textit{Crashes}}{\textit{Year}} = 0.119 * \left(\frac{\textit{Conflicts}}{\textit{Hour}} \right)^{1.419}$$



SSAM Model Existing **CROSSING** Validation

TH 371 - Brainerd



$$\frac{3.0 \text{ Crashes}}{\text{Year}} = 0.119 * \left(\frac{136 \text{ Conflicts}}{14 \text{ Hour}} \right)^{1.419}$$

Actual 3.2 Crashes/Year!

Hwy 197 - Bemidji



$$\frac{20.4 \text{ Crashes}}{\text{Year}} = 0.119 * \left(\frac{900 \text{ Conflicts}}{24 \text{ Hour}} \right)^{1.419}$$

Actual 19 Crashes/Year!



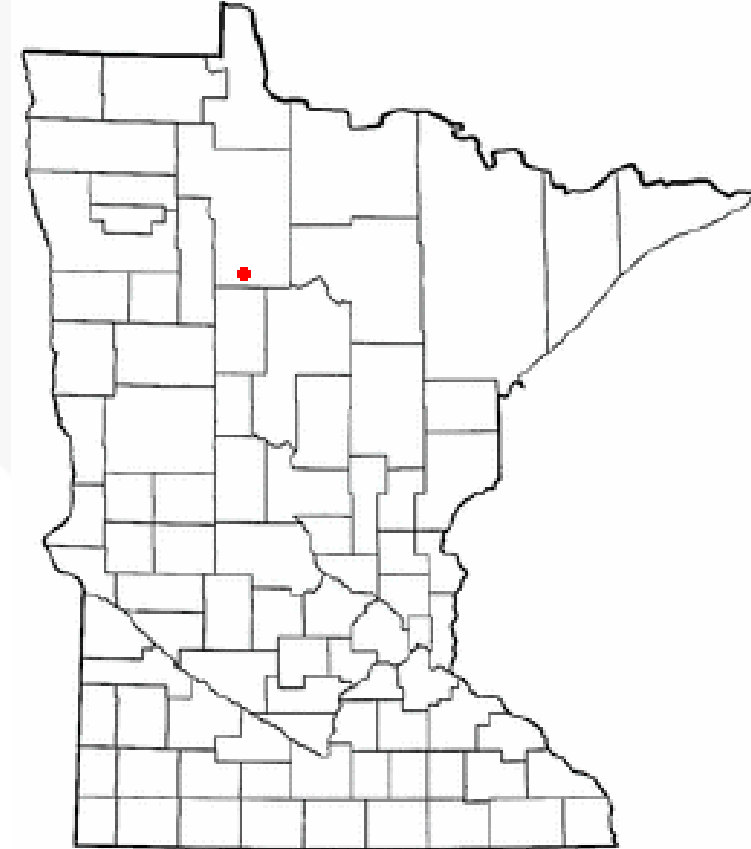
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SSAM PROJECT EXAMPLES



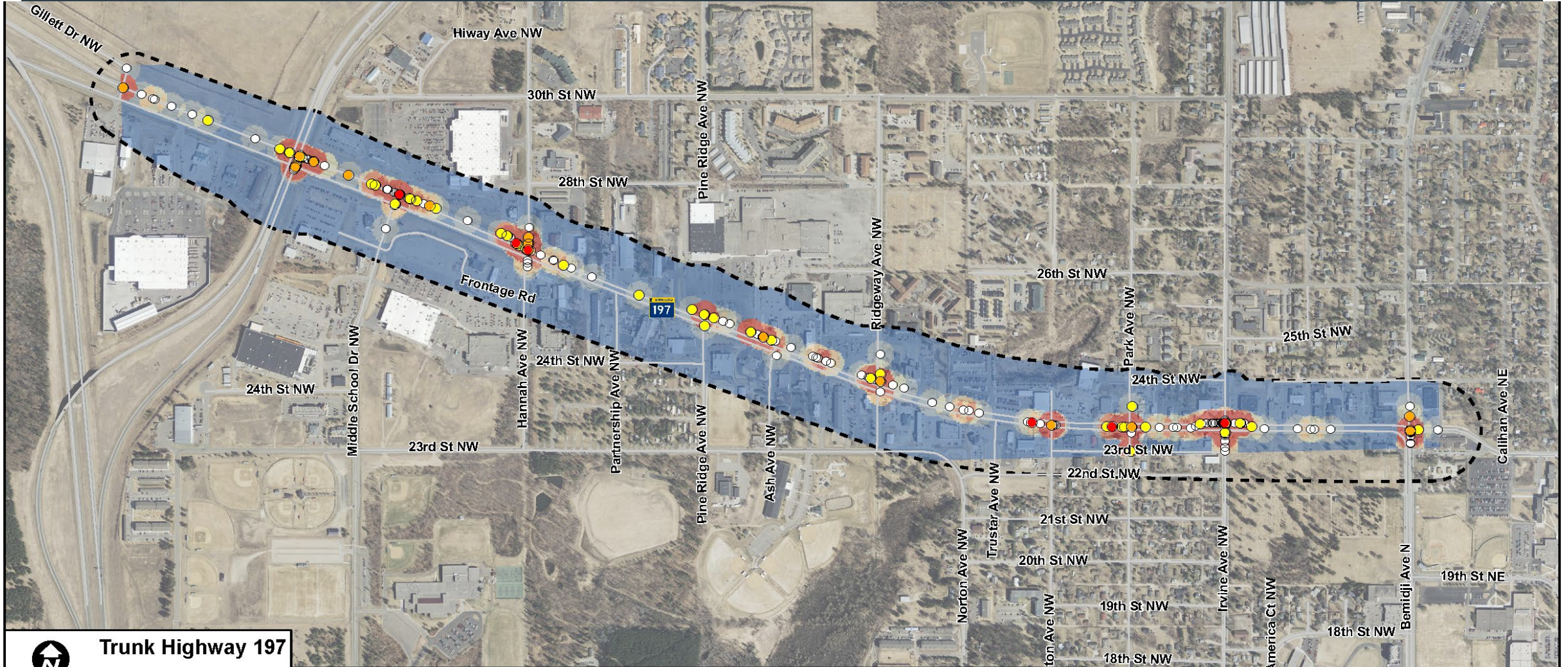
Bemidji, MN – MN 197

- 45 crashes costing the community \$1.6M per year
- 40-70 seconds of peak hour delay at unsignalized locations (Projected 2040)
- Over 100 businesses are served by this corridor, generating 70,000 trips each day



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Existing Crash Heatmap



Trunk Highway 197



10-Year Crash Analysis
(Year 2006-2015)

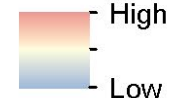
June, 2019

Source: Beltrami County, MnDOT, MnGEO

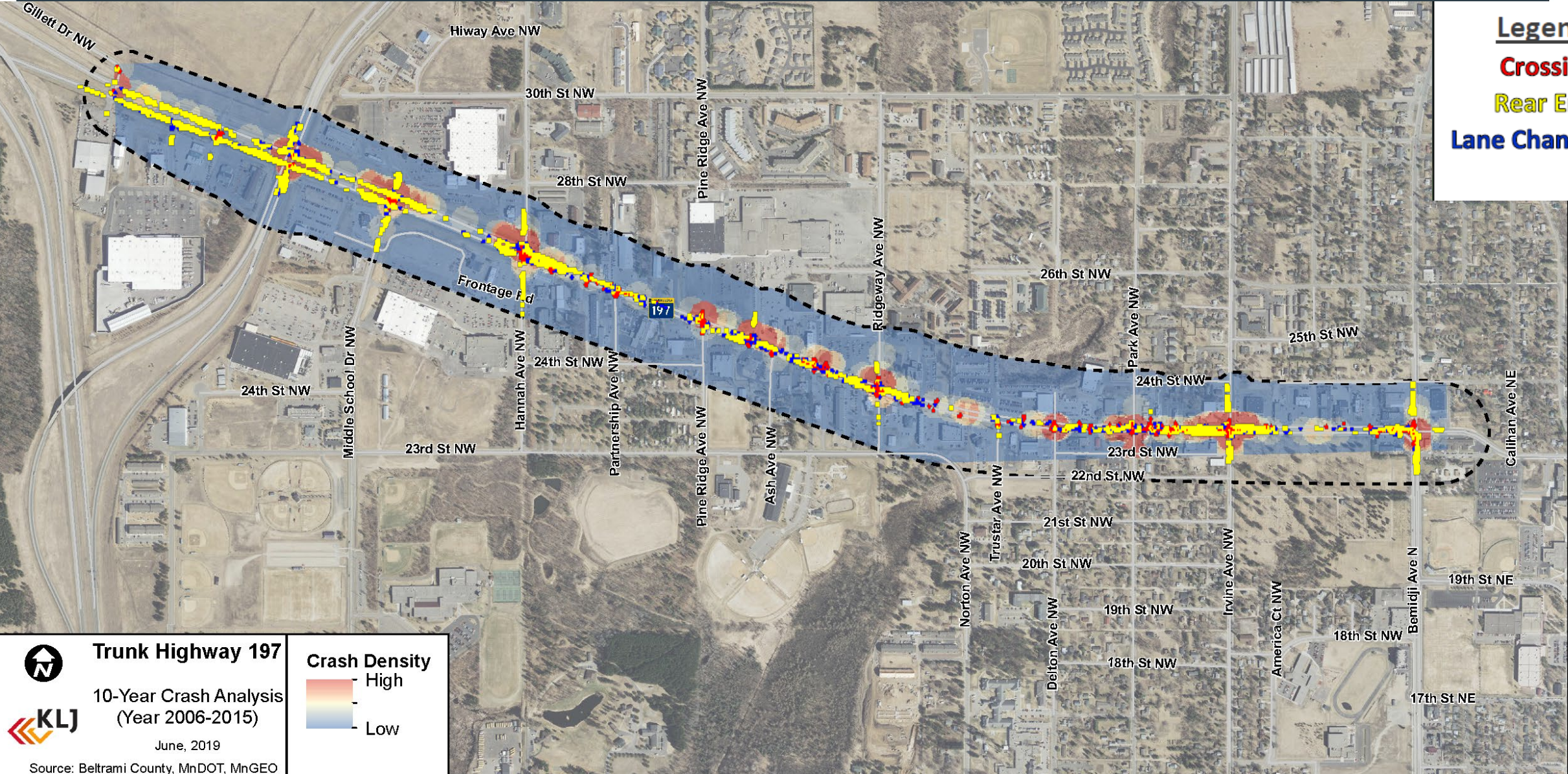
Crash Severity

- A - Incapacitating Injury
- C - Minor Injury
- B - Non-Incapacitating Injury
- N - Property Damage Only

Crash Density



Existing SSAM Crash Data Heatmap



Legend:

Crossing

Rear End

Lane Change



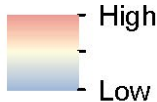
Trunk Highway 197

**10-Year Crash Analysis
(Year 2006-2015)**

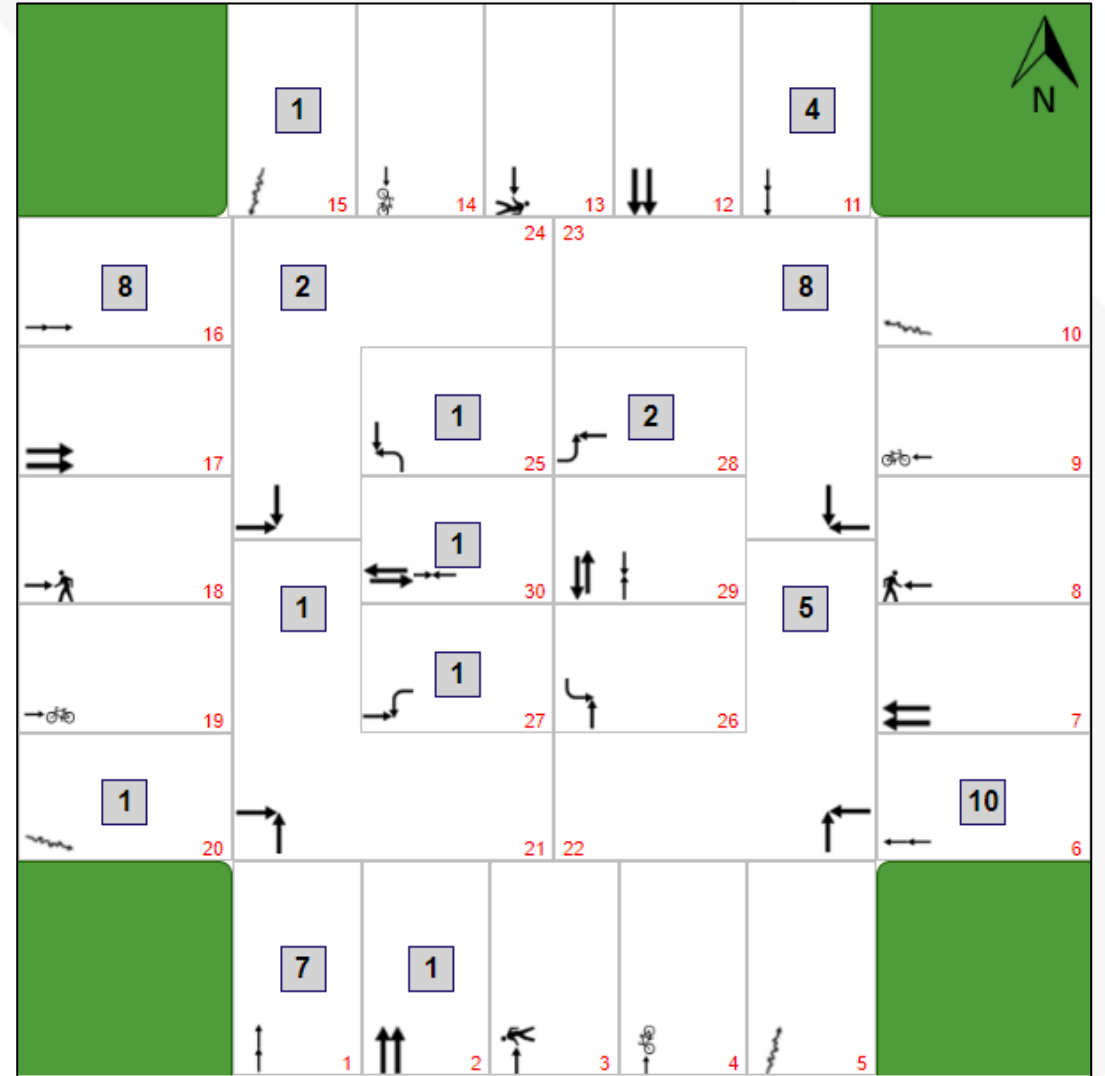
June, 2019

Source: Beltrami County, MnDOT, MnGEO

Crash Density



MN 197 and US 71 – Calibrating Data



MN 197 Existing Conflict Analysis

- Crossing Conflicts (26%)
 - Permissive Movements During Peaks
- Rear End Conflicts (46%)
 - Signalized Intersections
- Lane Change Conflicts (28%)
 - 5-Lane Sections
- Traffic Growth
 - 25% in 2040
 - 40% in 2040 Summer Rec

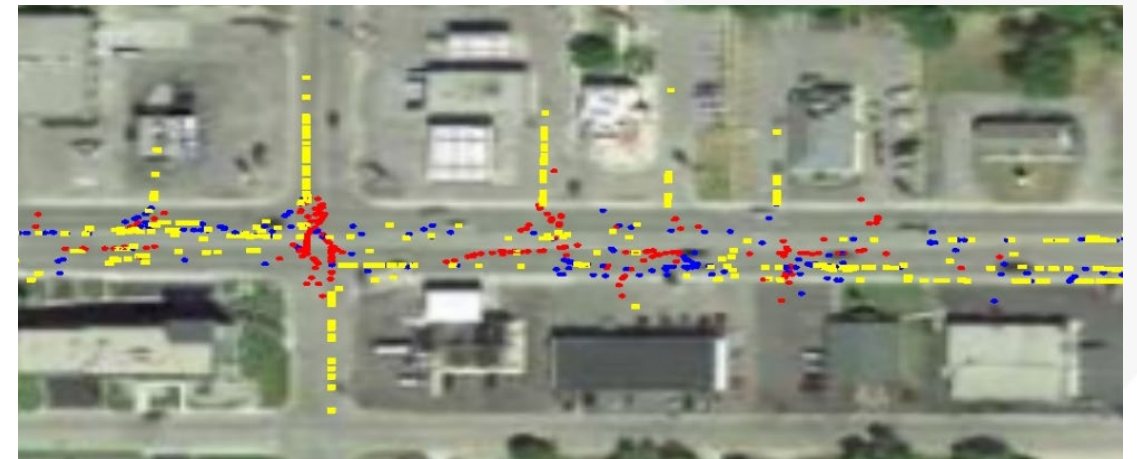
Hwy 197 and US 71



Hwy 197 and Irvine Avenue

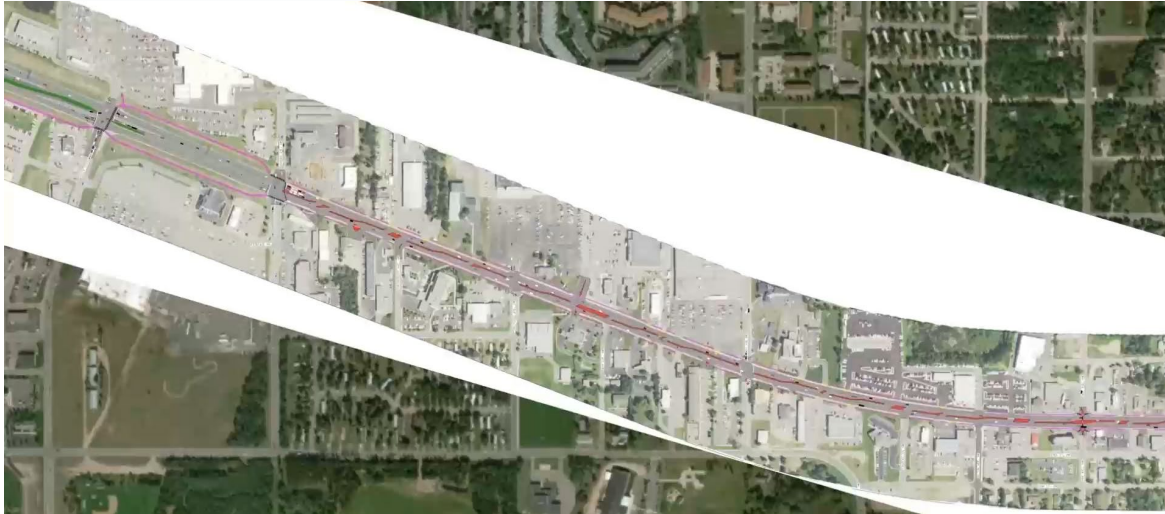


Hwy 197 and Park Avenue and 5-Lane Section



Scenario	Conflict Type			
	Crossing	Rear End	Lane Change	Total
Existing Conditions	-	-	-	-
2040 No Build	+56%	+79%	+50%	+65%
2040 Summer Rec	+120%	+144%	+97%	+125%

MN 197 Alternatives Conflict Analysis



➤ SSAM Results

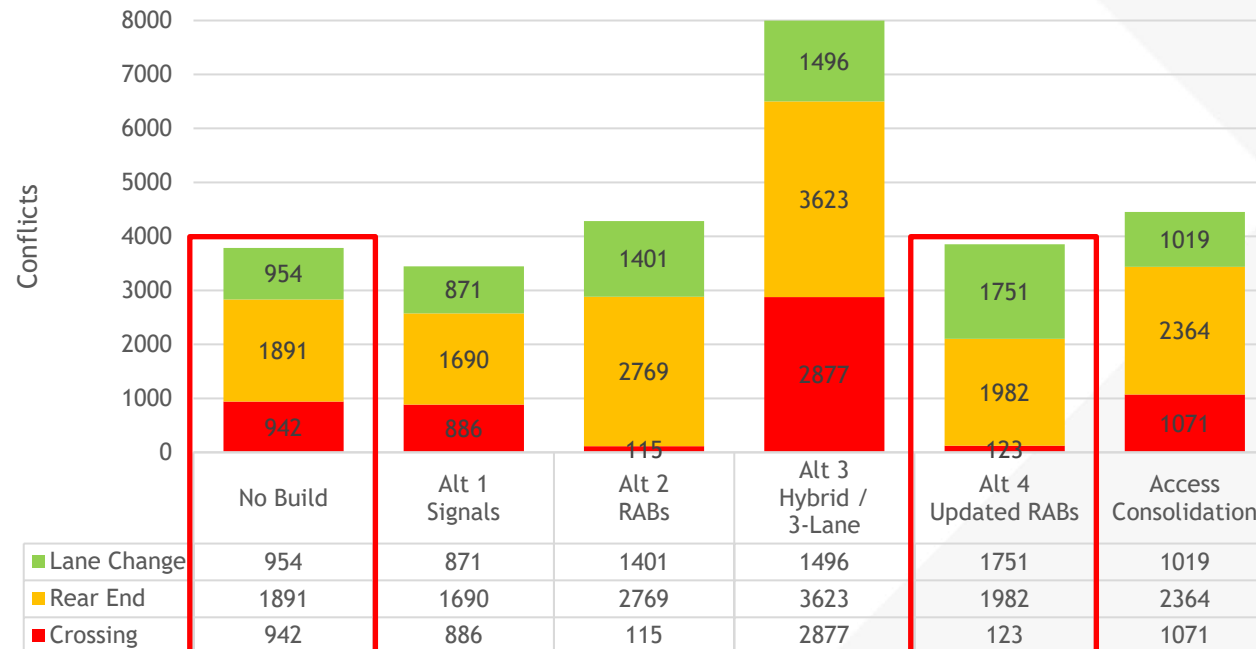
➤ Total Crashes: +2%

➤ Severe Crashes: -87%

➤ MnDOT RAB Results

➤ Total Crashes: +43%

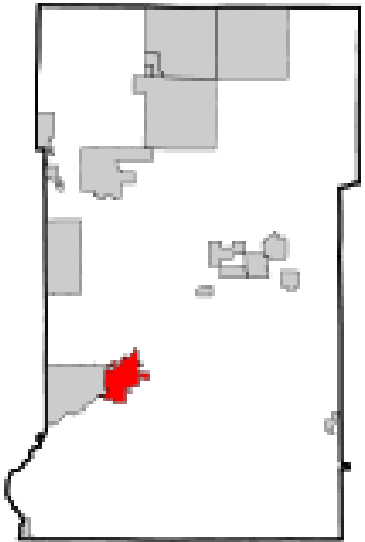
➤ Severe Crashes: -78%



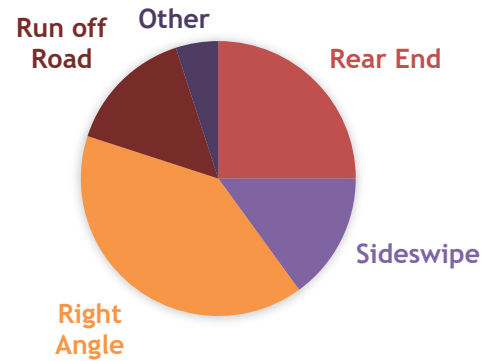
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Brainerd, MN - MN 371

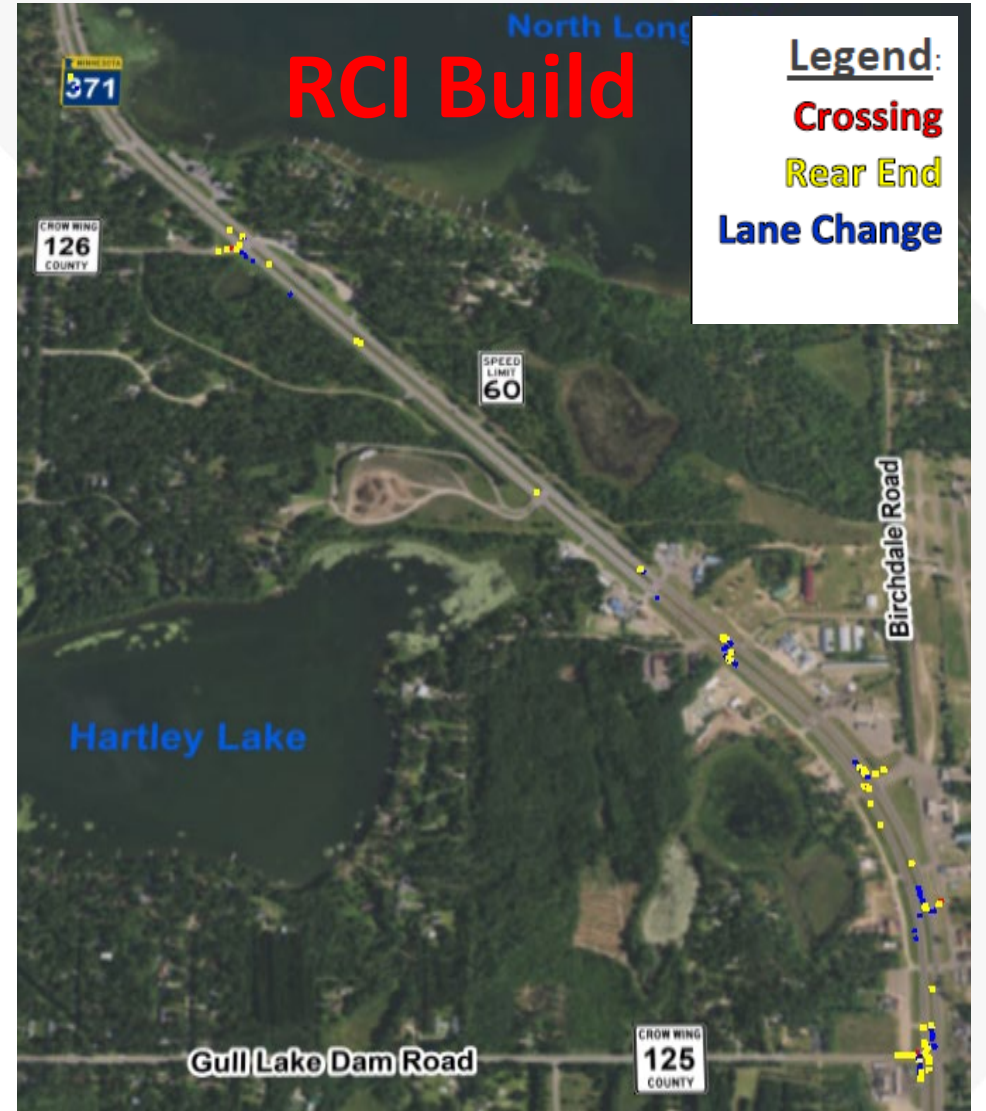
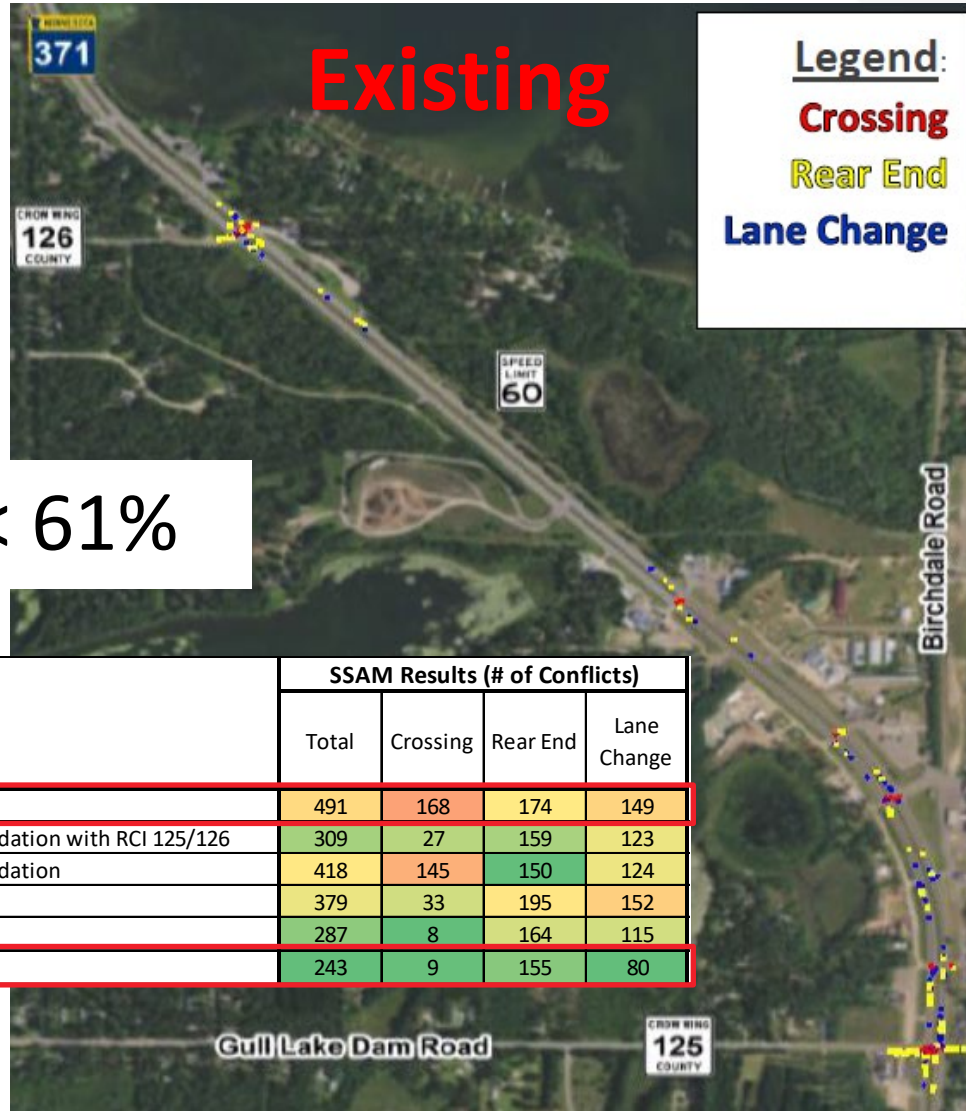
- Access Management Study
- Event/Recreation Traffic
- Critical Crashes at 125/126
- Traffic Signals Unwarranted



MN 371 AND CR 125



MN 371 - Existing vs RCI Build Conflicts

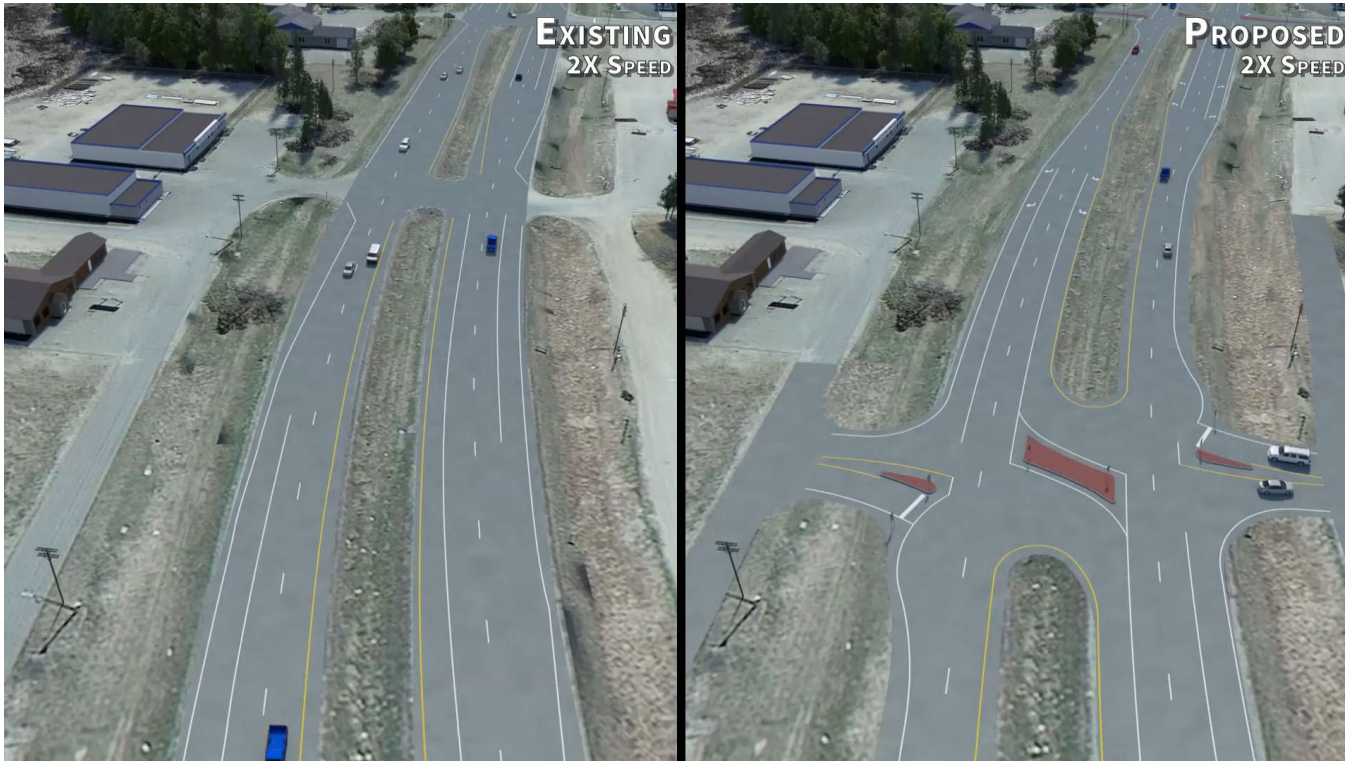


13% < 49% < 61%

Alternative	SSAM Results (# of Conflicts)			
	Total	Crossing	Rear End	Lane Change
2037 NoBuild Weekday 14 Hour	491	168	174	149
2037 Weekday 14 hour - Build Access Consolidation with RCI 125/126	309	27	159	123
2037 Weekday 14 hour - Build Access Consolidation	418	145	150	124
2037 Weekday 14 hour - Build RCUT Max	379	33	195	152
2037 Weekday 14 hour - Build RCUT Min	287	8	164	115
2037 Weekday 14 hour - Build RCUT MnDOT	243	9	155	80

MN 371 Corridor in Brainerd, MN

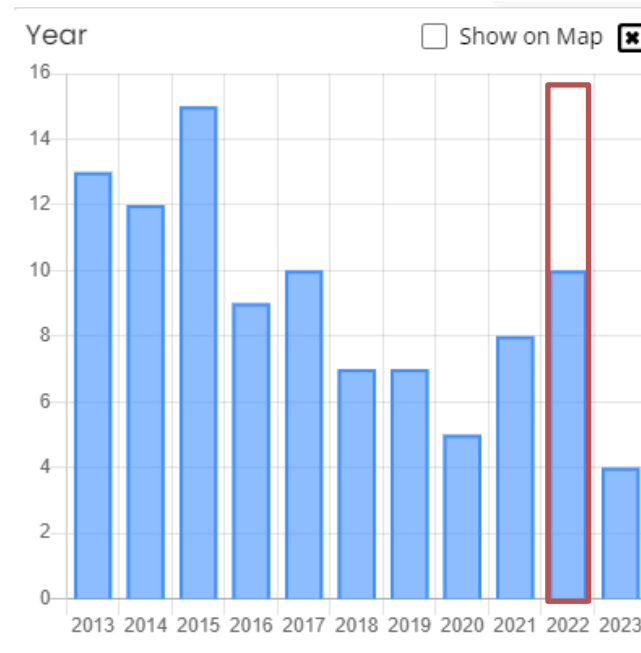
- Constructed three new J-turns
- -95% in Crossing Conflicts
- -90% in Rear-Ends vs. Signal Traffic Control



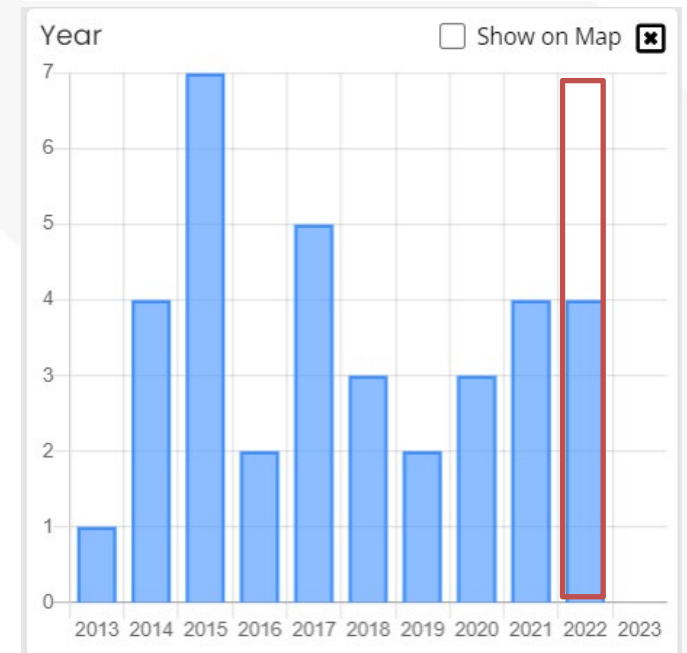
MN 371 Before and After

- 12 Months of After Data
 - No Right-Angle or Rear-End Crashes
 - 1 Multi-Vehicle Sideswipe
 - 1 Driver using SBU Turn
 - 2 Single Vehicle crashes
 - 1 Alcohol Related Fatal

Total Crashes

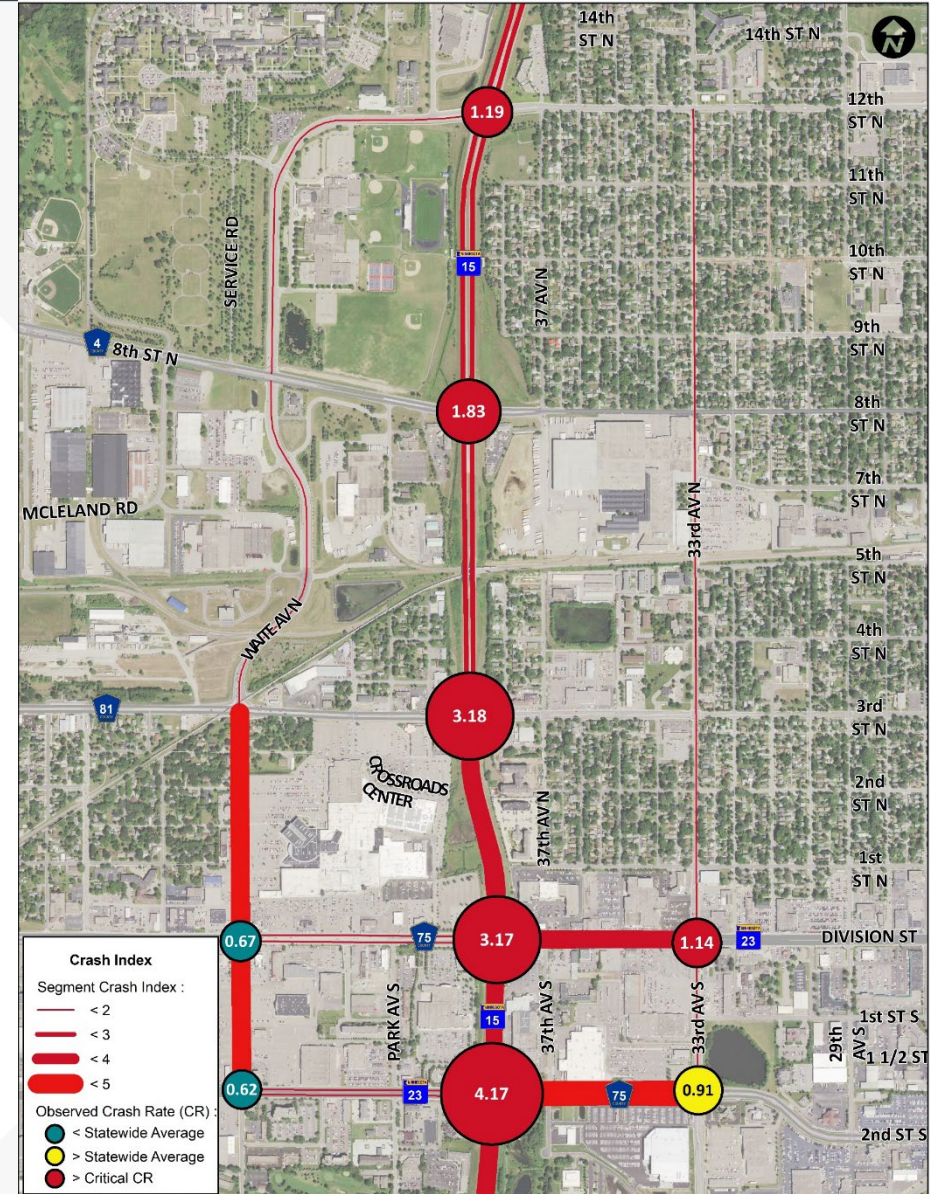


Angle Crashes

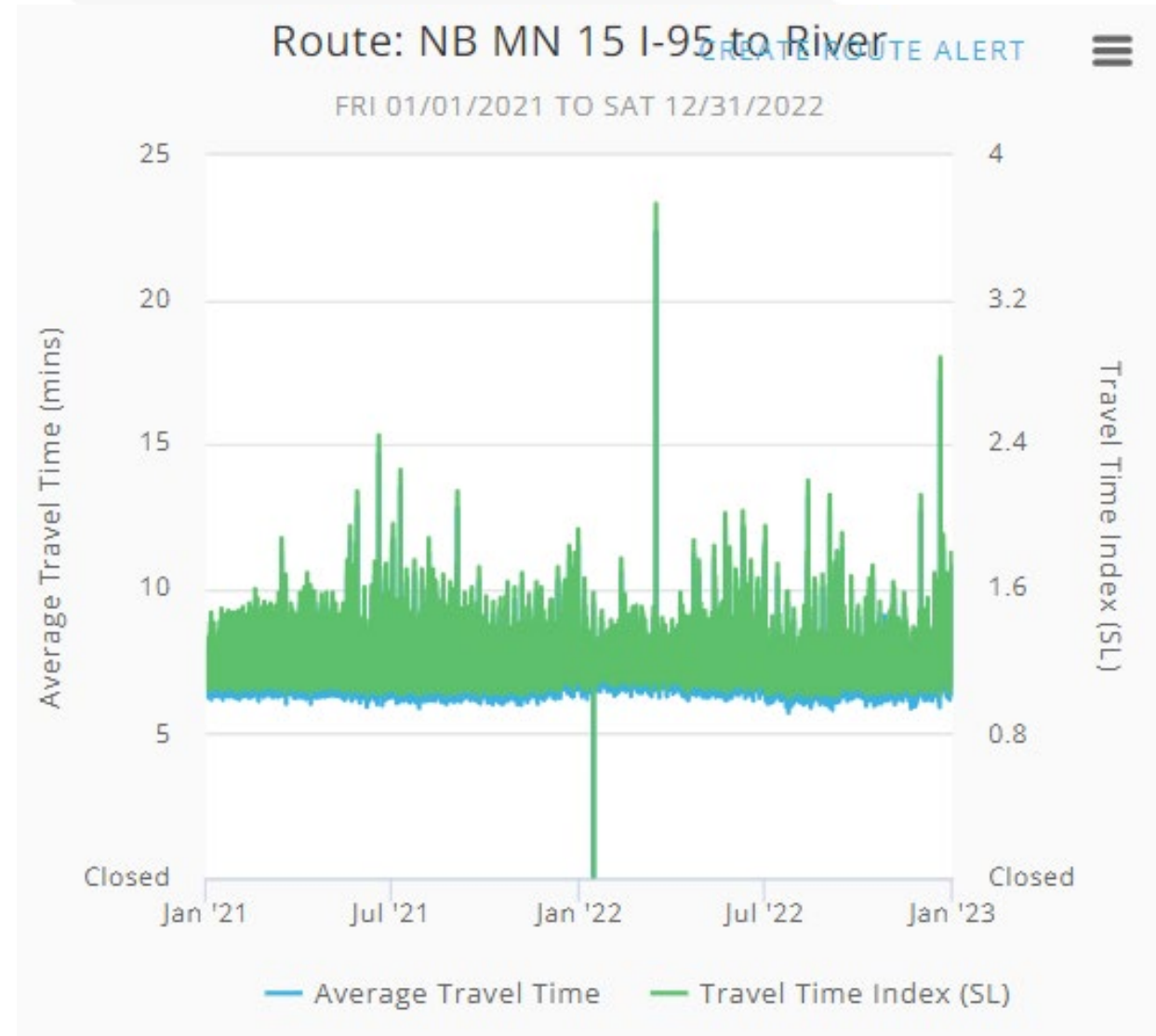
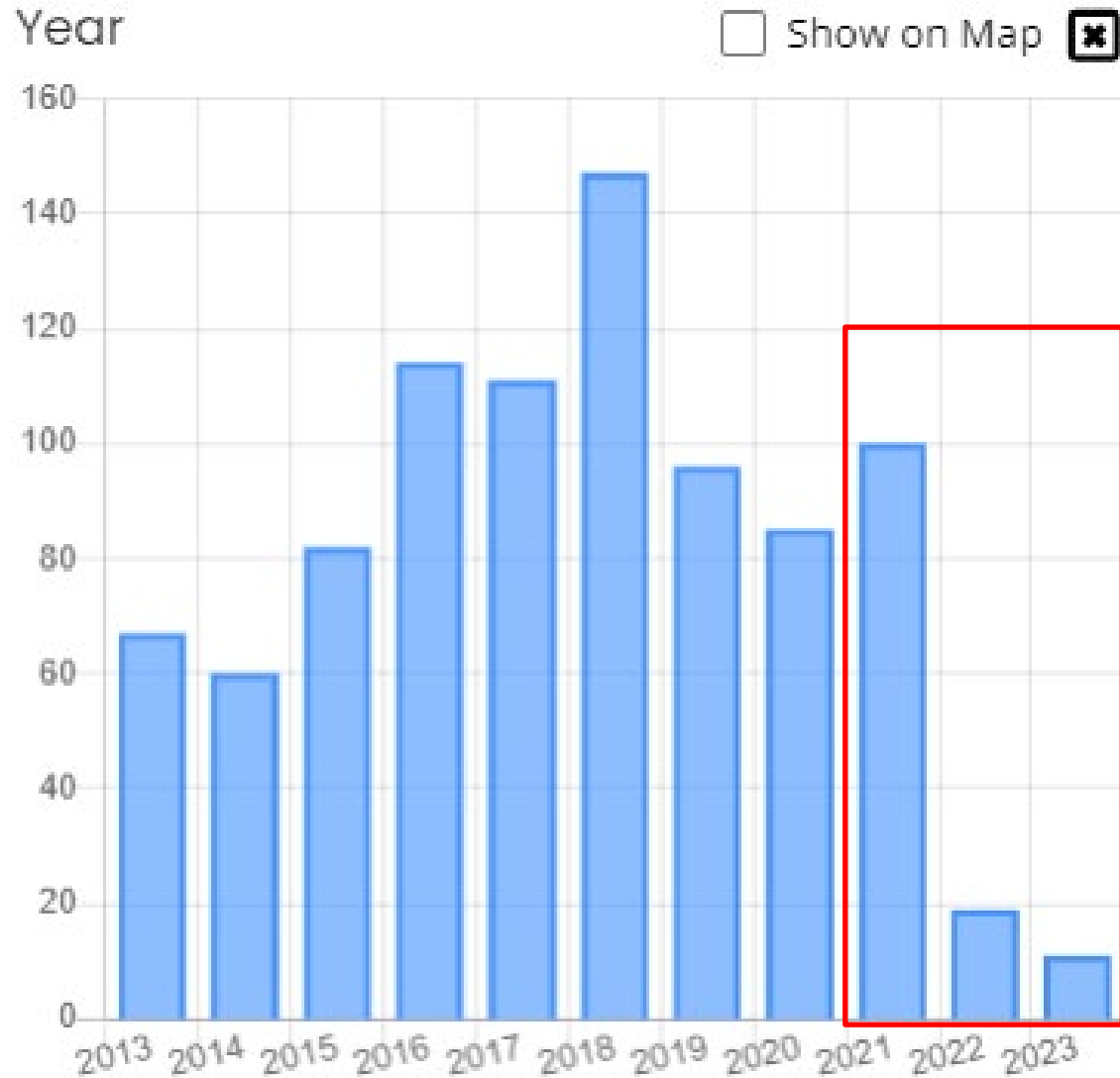


Case Study #3: MN 15 – St Cloud, MN

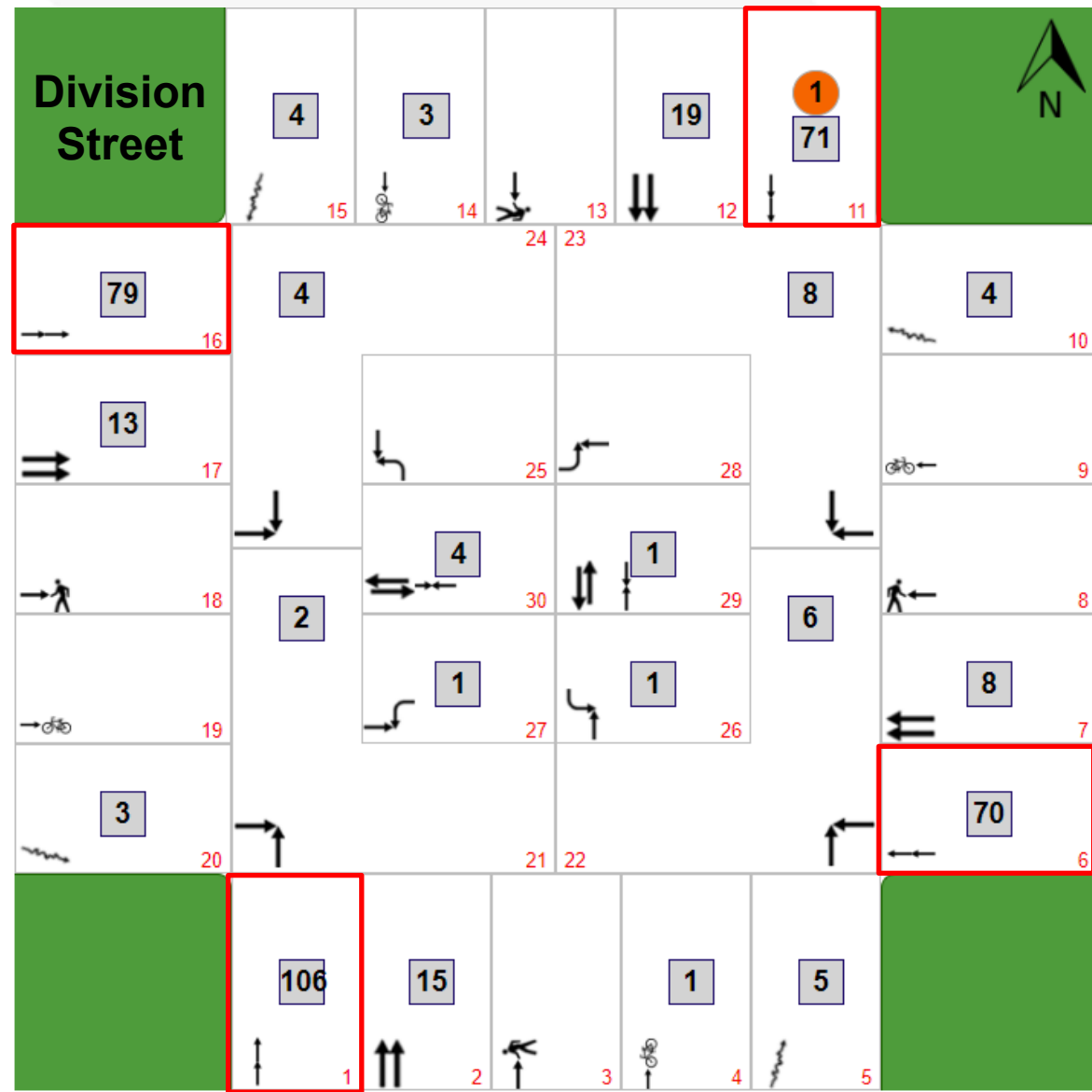
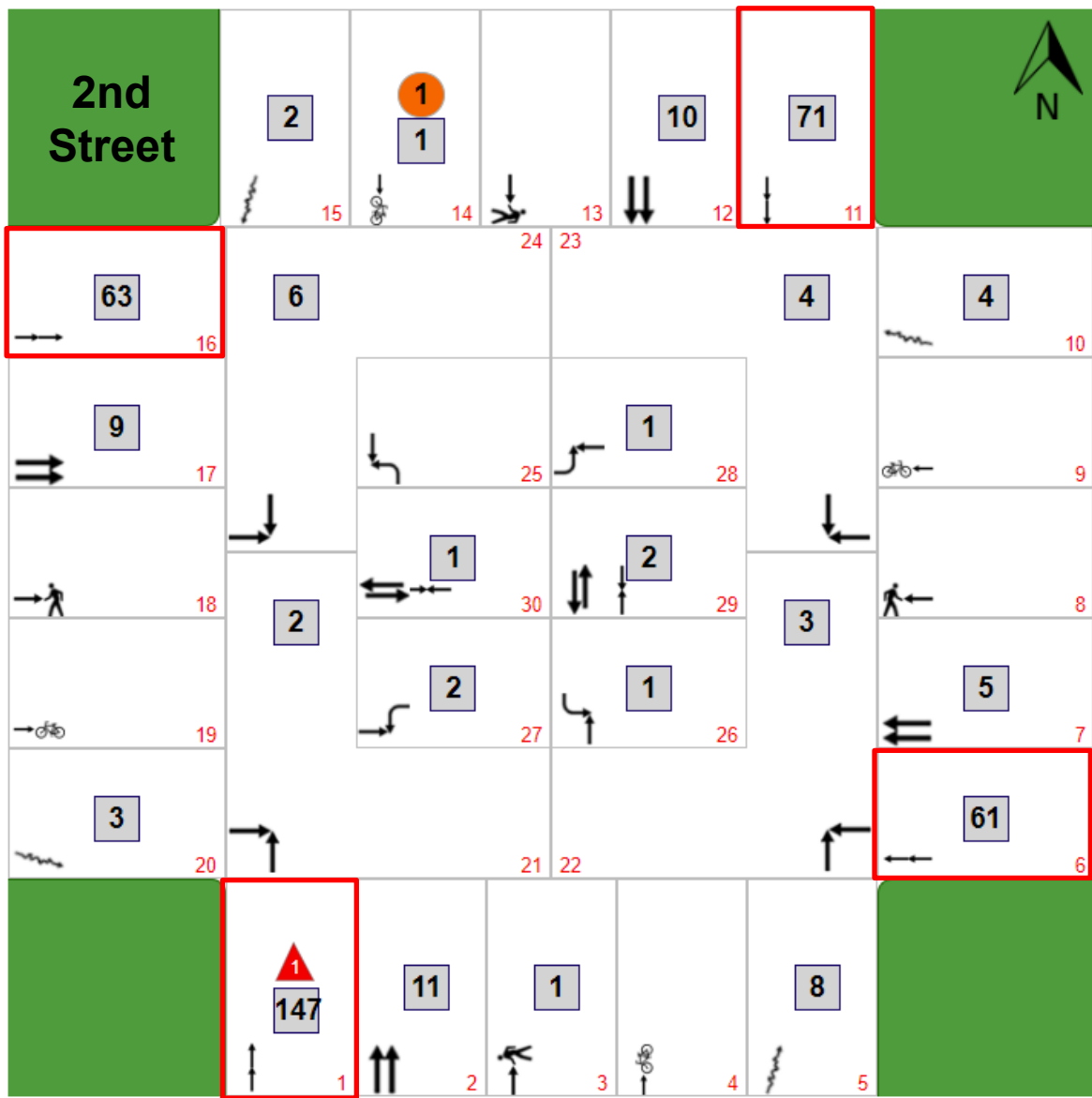
- State Highway 15 At-Grade vs Interchange Study
- Urban 4-lane (5 Signals), High Speed, 75% Rear End Crashes
- 3 of Top 5 (#5,#6,#10) highest crash intersections in Minnesota
- Evaluation included Node, Network, Travel Times, and SSAM
- Needed short-, mid-, and long-term implementation plan



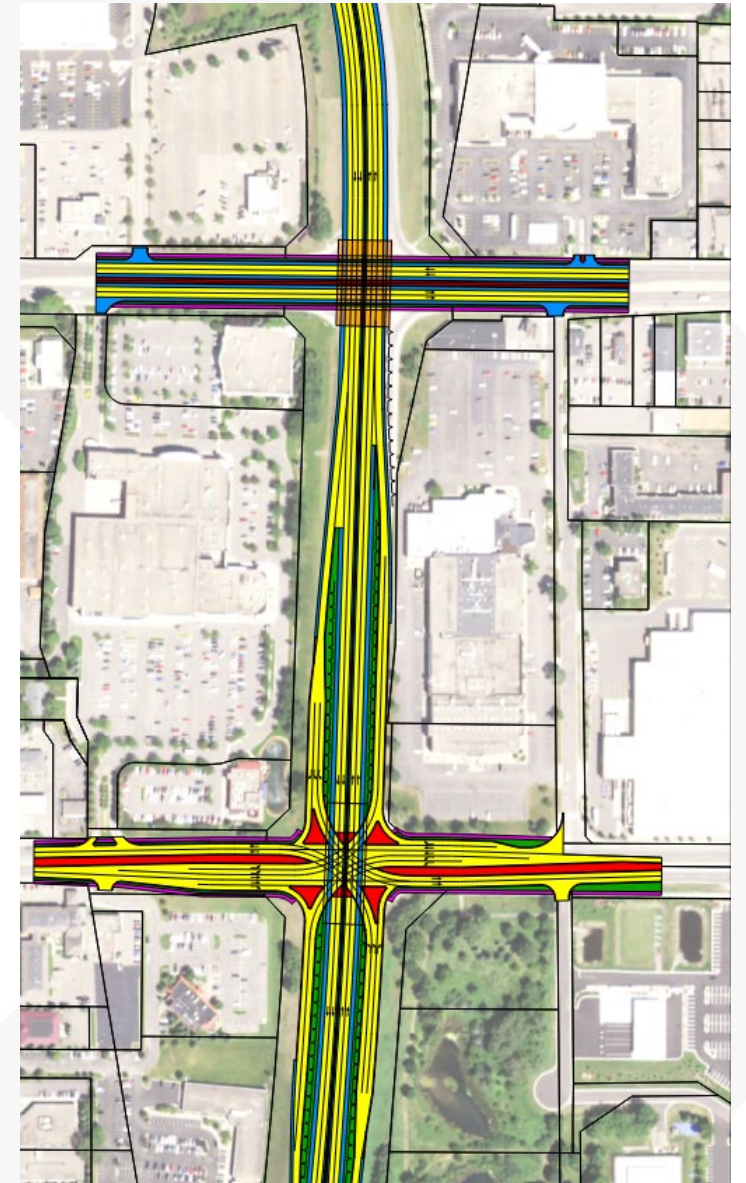
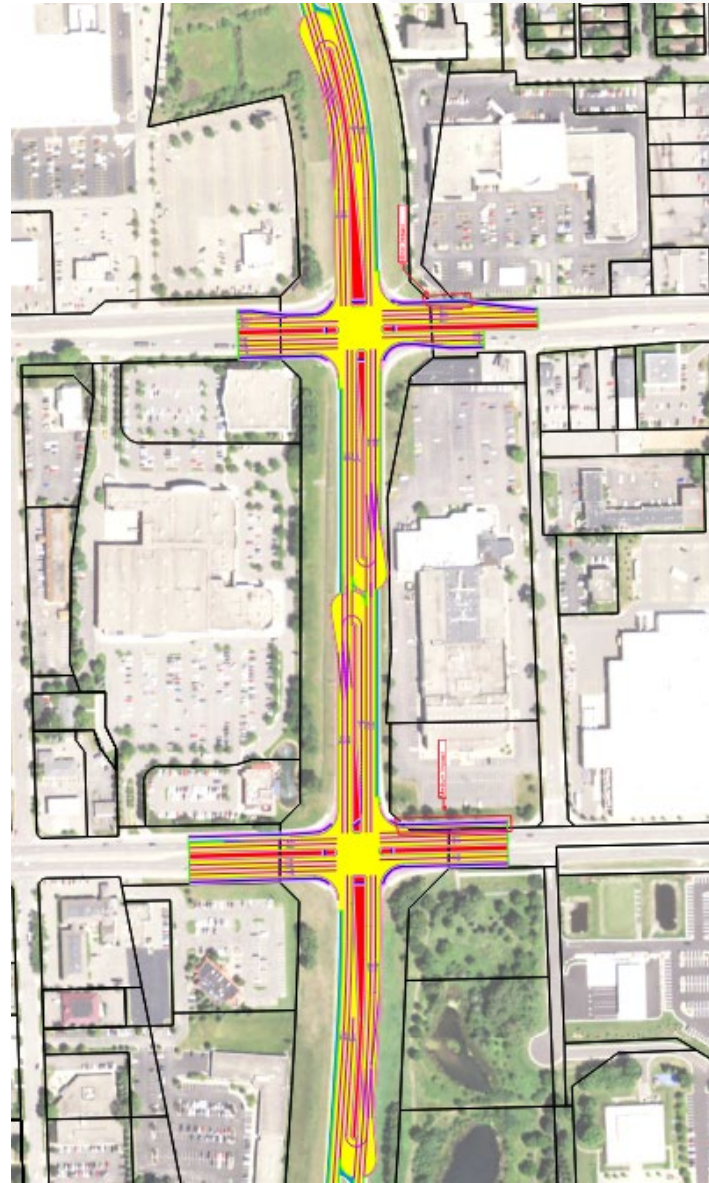
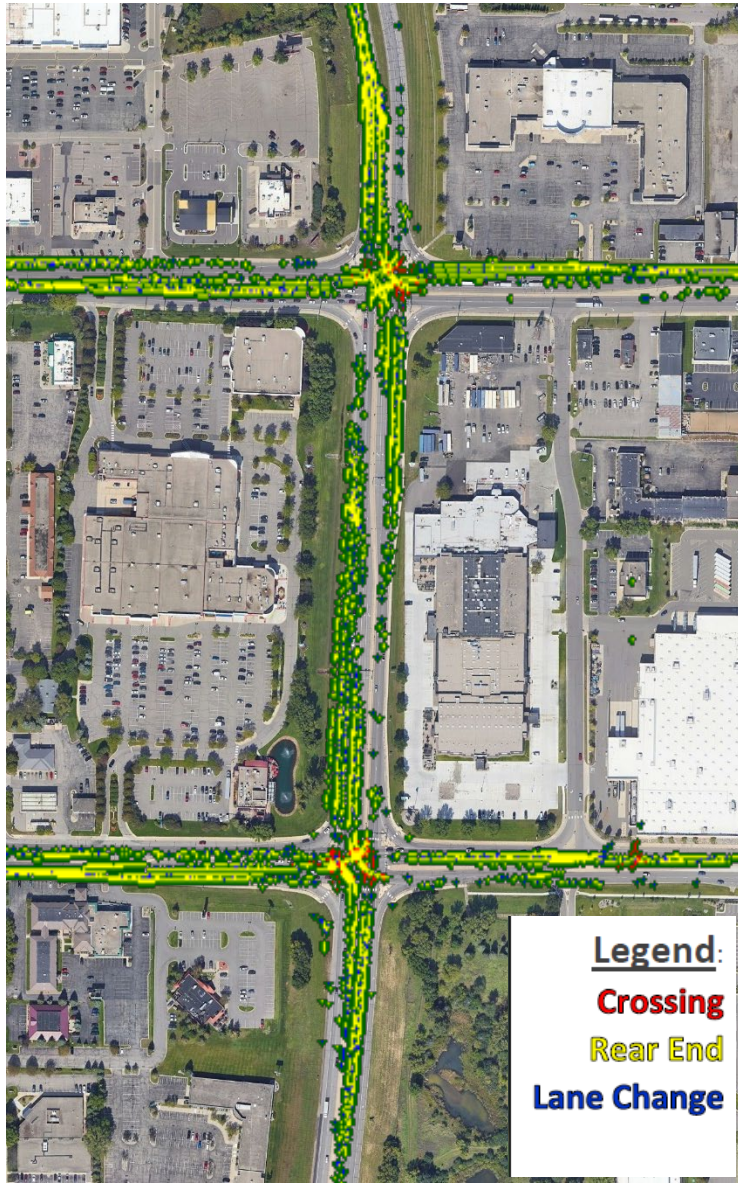
MN 15 Crashes and Congestion



MN 15 at MN 23 Intersections

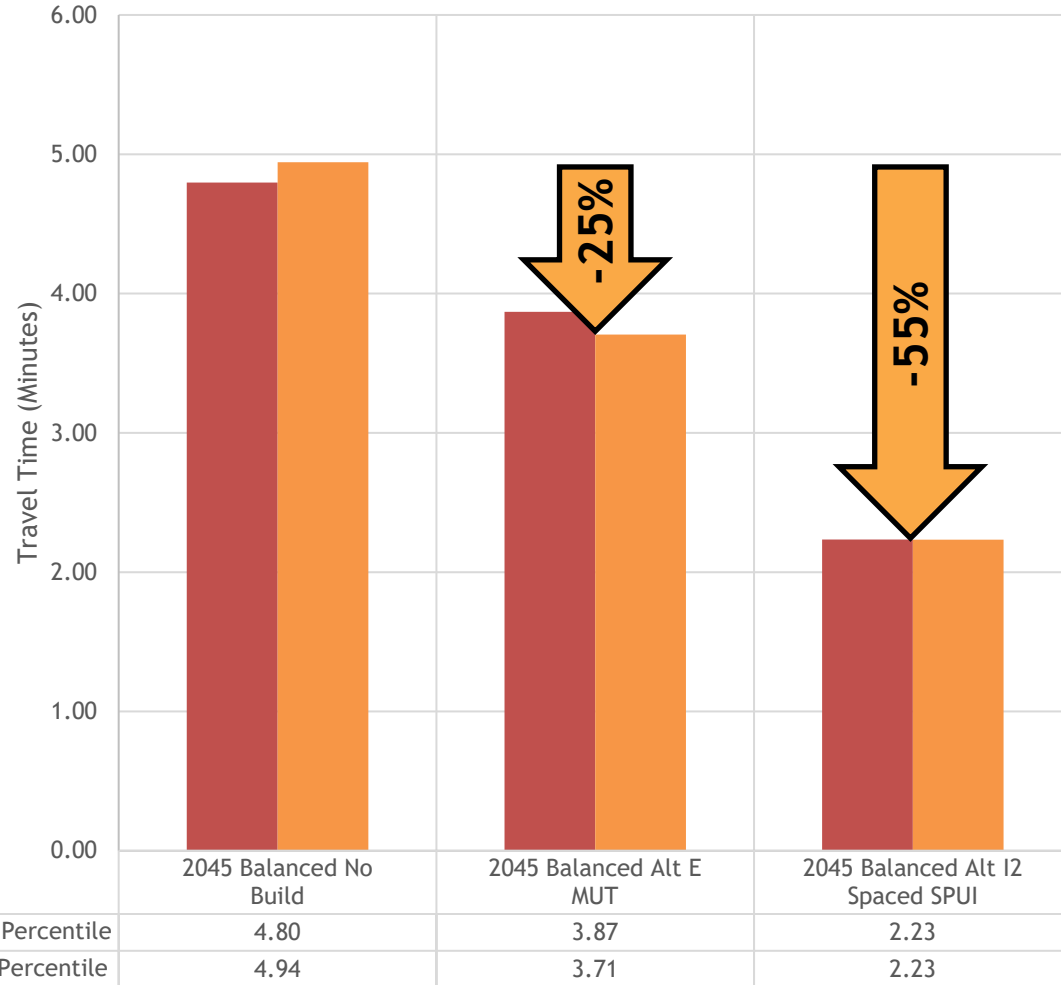


MN 15 SSAM Existing Vs Interchange



MN 15 Alternative Comparison

MN 15 85th Percentile Travel Times



MN 15 Daily Conflicts



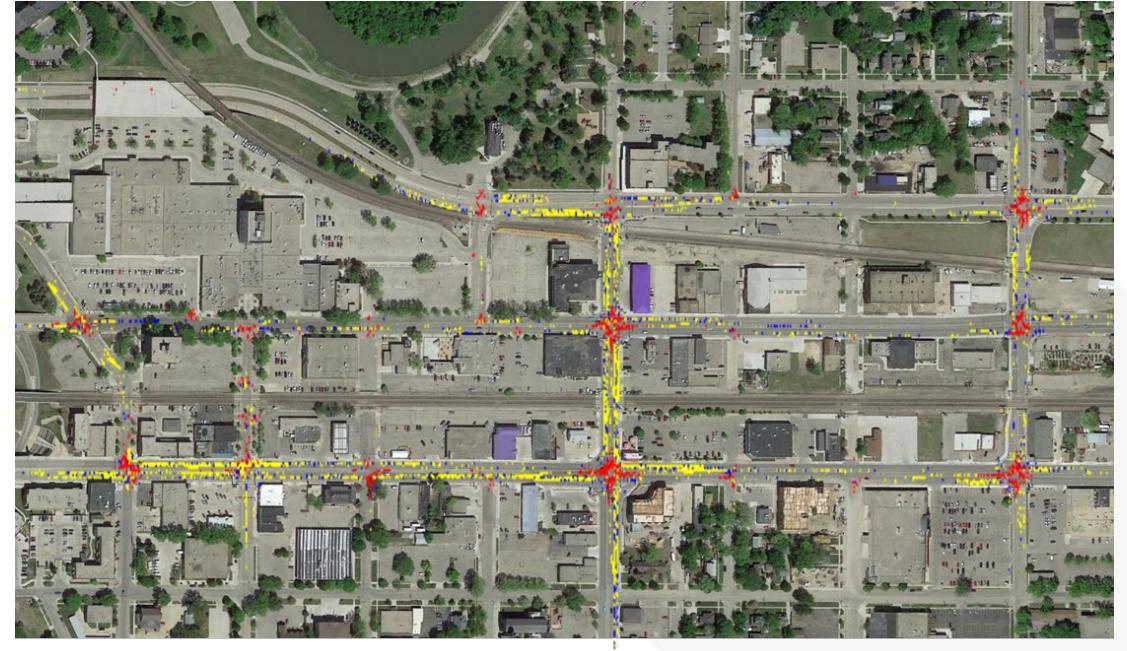
SSAM Uses Summary

Where to Use SSAM?

- Corridor Studies/Access Management
- Reduced Conflict Alternatives

How to Use SSAM?

- Specifically Address Intersection Crash Patterns
- 24-hour Modeling Further Calibrates Results
- Integrate Volume Scenarios To Further Assess Safety



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